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ABSTRACT

This report presents data on the income and expenses of students enrolled in colleges, universities and vocational schools providing training beyond the high school level based on a supplement to the October 1973 Current Population Survey (CPS). The tables present data for students enrolled in October 1973 based on family income, expected educational expenses, sources on income, type of school attended, full-time/part-time attendance status, marital status, and financial dependence on parents. Some major findings are: (1) The median expected educational expenses for full-time college students varied from about \$620 for those in public junior colleges to \$2,640 for students in private universities, and to about \$890 for full-time students in vocational schools. (2) Student's yearly earning and aid from parents were the most common sources of income for undergraduates. Forty-four percent of postsecondary students (excluding graduate students) worked while attending school to pay for the costs of their education. Forty-two percent of students were aided by their parents, 8 percent of students received state scholarships or grants, and about 7 percent received local scholarships. (3) Blacks made up about 8 percent of the total postsecondary school enrollment in October 1973. While a slightly lower proportion of blacks than whites was attending 4-year colleges and universities, the proportion of blacks attending 2-year and vocational schools was somewhat higher than that for white students. The appendix reproduces the survey form used to collect data. (Author/KE)

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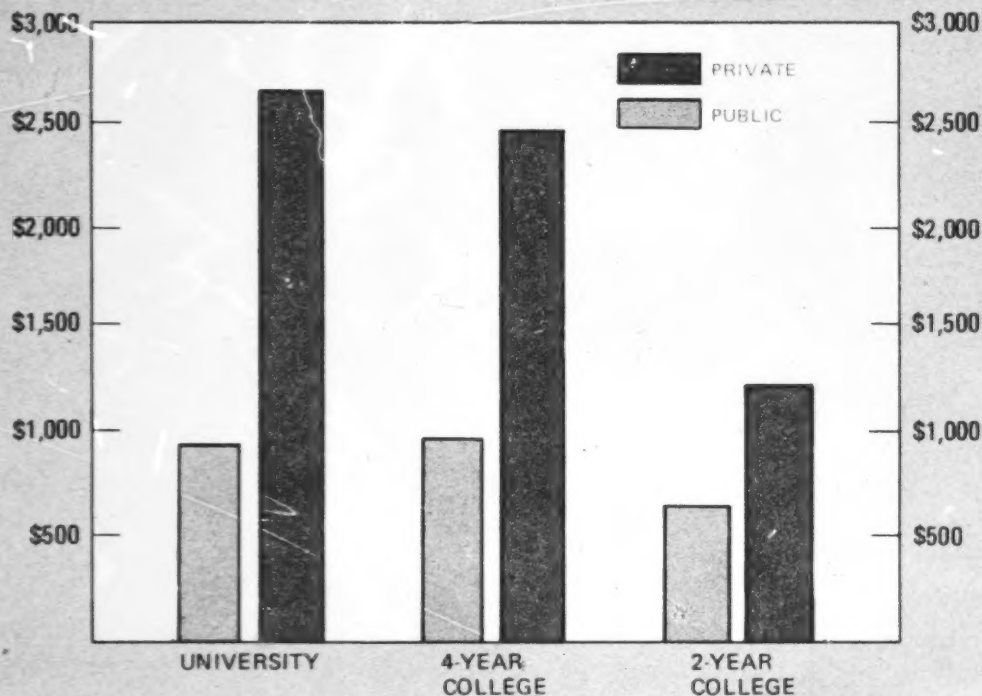
Population Characteristics

Series P-20, No. 281

Issued June 1975

INCOME AND EXPENSES OF STUDENTS ENROLLED IN POSTSECONDARY SCHOOLS: OCTOBER 1973

Figure 1. Median Yearly Educational Expenses Expected by Full-Time College Students by Type of College: October 1973



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CURRENT POPULATION REPORTS

Population Characteristics

INCOME AND EXPENSES OF STUDENTS ENROLLED IN POSTSECONDARY SCHOOLS: OCTOBER 1973

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INCOME AND EXPENSES OF STUDENTS ENROLLED IN POSTSECONDARY SCHOOLS: OCTOBER 1973

This report presents data on the income and expenses of students enrolled in colleges, universities, and vocational schools providing training beyond the high school level based on a supplement to the October 1973 Current Population Survey (CPS). This study was supported by the Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program of the U.S. Office of Education and conducted by the Bureau of the Census. The tables present data, for students enrolled in October 1973, on family income, expected educational expenses, sources of income, type of school attended, full-time/part-time attendance status, marital status, and financial dependence on parents.

Some major findings of this report are:

1. The median expected educational expenses for full-time college students varied from about \$620 for those in public junior colleges to \$2,640 for students in private universities. The median yearly expenses for full-time students in vocational schools was about \$890.
2. Student's earnings and aid from parents were the most common sources of income for undergraduates. Forty-four percent of postsecondary students (excluding graduate students) worked while attending school to pay for the costs of their education. The average earnings of students who were working was about \$3,300 during the school year. Forty-two percent of students were aided by their parents (who contributed an average of about \$1,600), 8 percent of students received State scholarships or grants, and about 7 percent received local scholarships or grants.
3. Blacks made up about 8 percent of the total postsecondary school enrollment in October 1973. While a slightly lower proportion of blacks than whites was attending universities, the proportion of blacks attending two-year colleges and vocational schools was somewhat higher than that for white students. Similar proportions of white and Negro students attended four-year colleges.

Enrollment by type of school. The Nation's total postsecondary enrollment was about 9.7 million in

October 1973.¹ Students enrolled in regular colleges and universities numbered about 8.2 million, or 85 percent of the total postsecondary enrollment. And students attending postsecondary vocational schools totaled 1.5 million in October 1973, or 15 percent of the total postsecondary enrollment (table A). The largest group of vocational school students (about 900,000, or 59 percent) was enrolled in technical, vocational, or trade schools. About 220,000 were enrolled in business or commercial schools, 160,000 in correspondence schools, and a similar number in hospital schools. Somewhat smaller numbers were enrolled in barber or beauty schools and in flight schools.

Table A.—NUMBER OF POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TYPE OF SCHOOL: OCTOBER 1973

(Numbers in thousands)

Type of school	Number	Percent distribution
All schools....	9,667	100.0
Colleges, total.....	8,165	84.5
University..	4,376	45.3
4-year college.....	1,714	17.7
2-year college.....	2,075	21.5
Vocational schools, total.....	1,502	15.5
Business or commercial.....	219	2.3
Technical, vocational or trade...	886	9.2
Flight school.....	27	0.3
Correspondence school.....	160	1.7
Hospital school....	158	1.6
Beauty or barber school.....	52	0.5

¹This figure does not agree exactly with the comparable number in **Current Population Reports**, Series P-20, No. 272, because some persons who reported that they were enrolled in college on the basic questionnaire, reported in the followup questionnaire that they were not enrolled in any school, or that they were enrolled in a vocational school, or they did not indicate a type of school.

There were differences in the racial composition of the different types of postsecondary schools. Overall, there were 790,000 Negroes in postsecondary schools in 1973, 8 percent of the total enrollment (table 1). A higher proportion of black students than of white students was attending vocational schools and attending two-year colleges, and a lower proportion were attending universities.

Although postsecondary enrollment is divided between regular colleges and vocational schools, enrollment in a vocational school does not indicate a complete lack of regular college experience among these students, as two out of every five students attending a vocational school in 1973 had completed at least one year of regular college, including ten percent who had completed four or more years of college (table B). However, there were some students in vocational school, about 150,000, or 10 percent, who had not completed

high school, as some vocational schools do not require a high school diploma for admission.

Students attending vocational schools were older than the students attending regular college, more likely to be married, and more likely to be working full time. Partly because of these factors, only about one-half of the vocational students were attending full time compared to nearly 70 percent of the college students.²

Students enrolled in vocational schools were more likely to be attending a private institution than were the students in regular colleges, 41 percent and 22 percent, respectively (table C); but the proportion in private

²Some vocational schools do not have a full-time/part-time attendance distinction; i.e., a student may progress at his own rate until he has fulfilled the school's requirements, courses may only be offered for a few hours in the evening, etc. About 15 percent of vocational students were attending schools on this "not classified" basis.

Table B.—HIGHEST GRADE OF REGULAR SCHOOL ATTENDED FOR STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER ENROLLED IN VOCATIONAL SCHOOLS: OCTOBER 1973

Type of vocational school	Total	Less than 4 years of high school	4 years of high school	1 to 3 years of college	4 or more years of college
All vocational schools...	100.0	9.8	47.9	32.3	10.0
Business or commercial.....	100.0	9.1	46.6	34.2	9.6
Technical, vocational or trade.....	100.0	10.0	45.6	35.9	8.5
Correspondence school.....	100.0	11.9	49.4	19.4	18.8
Hospital school.....	100.0	1.3	57.0	32.9	8.9

Table C.—PERCENT OF POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER IN PUBLIC AND PRIVATE SCHOOLS BY TYPE OF SCHOOL: OCTOBER 1973

Type of school	Total	Public	Private	Not reported
College, total.....	100.0	75.4	21.8	2.7
University.....	100.0	77.7	20.3	2.0
4-year college.....	100.0	53.6	44.5	1.9
2-year college.....	100.0	88.6	6.3	5.1
Vocational schools, total.....	100.0	51.6	41.4	7.9
Business or commercial.....	100.0	25.1	70.8	4.6
Technical, vocational or trade.....	100.0	73.7	23.8	2.5
Correspondence school.....	100.0	14.4	67.5	18.1
Hospital school.....	100.0	17.7	56.3	25.9
Other vocational school.....	100.0	20.3	75.7	3.8

schools varied by type of vocational institution. At some types of vocational schools, a majority of the students were enrolled in private institutions. About 71 percent of the business or commercial school students were enrolled in private institutions, as were 68 percent of those students enrolled in correspondence schools, for example.

There were more men than women enrolled in postsecondary schools in 1973. However, there were only slight differences, where differences did occur, between the proportion of men and women students attending the different types of schools, attending full time, attending private schools, and in the median expected educational expenses (table D). The women, however, were less likely than the men to be working towards a degree while attending college (11 percent and 7 percent, respectively).

Educational expenses by type of school. The postsecondary students in this survey were asked what they

expected their educational expenses to be during the period from July 1973 to June 1974, including tuition and fees, books and supplies, and transportation to and from class. These expected educational expenses were higher for students who were attending four-year colleges than they were for students attending other types of schools. The median amount expected to be spent was about \$1,320 for four-year college students, \$910 for university students, \$530 for vocational school students, and \$410 for two-year college students (table E).

Much of the above difference between four-year college and university educational costs is attributable to the differences in distribution of students by attendance status (i.e., full-time or part-time) and control of school (i.e., public or private). The educational costs for full-time students are about the same at public four-year colleges and universities, while costs for full-time students enrolled at private universities tend to be slightly higher than at private four-year colleges (table F).

Table D. SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS OF POSTSECONDARY SCHOOL STUDENTS BY SEX AND TYPE OF SCHOOL: OCTOBER 1973

(Numbers in thousands)

Selected characteristics	Total	Univer- sity	4-year college	2-year college	Voca- tional schools
Number of students:					
Male.....	5,347	2,495	889	1,115	848
Female.....	4,320	1,881	825	960	655
Percent distribution by type of school:					
Male.....	100.0	46.7	16.6	20.9	15.9
Female.....	100.0	43.5	19.1	22.2	15.2
Percent attending full time:					
Male.....	66.0	75.1	77.7	54.8	41.6
Female.....	65.2	70.5	77.9	48.1	58.7
Percent attending private schools:					
Male.....	25.2	22.3	44.3	5.1	40.4
Female.....	24.5	17.7	44.7	7.7	42.8
Median expected educational expenses:					
Male.....	\$821	\$967	\$1,287	\$463	\$527
Female.....	\$730	\$834	\$1,363	\$338	\$544
Percent not working towards a degree:					
Male.....	(NA)	3.8	6.5	13.5	(NA)
Female.....	(NA)	7.9	8.1	21.5	(NA)

NA Not available.

Table E. MEDIAN EDUCATIONAL EXPENSES FOR POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS BY TYPE OF SCHOOL:
OCTOBER 1973

Type of school	Median educational expenses			
	Total	Tuition and fees	Books and supplies	Transportation
Total.....	\$784	\$549	\$124	\$102
University.....	910	650	141	100
4-year college.....	1,318	989	142	101
2-year college.....	410	169	89	114
Vocational schools.....	533	317	58	76

Table F. NUMBER OF COLLEGE STUDENTS AND MEDIAN EXPECTED EDUCATIONAL EXPENSES BY
TYPE OF COLLEGE, ATTENDANCE STATUS AND CONTROL OF SCHOOL: OCTOBER 1973

(Numbers in thousands)

Attendance status and control of school	All colleges	University	4-year college	2-year college
NUMBER OF STUDENTS				
All Students				
Total ¹	8,165	4,375	1,715	2,075
Public.....	6,158	3,399	920	1,839
Private.....	1,784	889	763	131
Full-Time Students				
Total.....	5,607	3,200	1,335	1,073
Public.....	4,168	2,531	689	949
Private.....	1,343	629	621	92
Part-Time Students				
Total.....	2,387	1,116	364	907
Public.....	1,870	829	225	816
Private.....	415	248	133	35
MEDIAN EDUCATIONAL EXPENSES				
All Students				
Total.....	\$834	\$912	\$1,323	\$410
Public.....	721	825	859	401
Private.....	2,108	2,168	2,193	814
Full-Time Students				
Total.....	\$1,052	\$1,090	\$1,640	\$655
Public.....	872	924	984	624
Private.....	2,474	2,638	2,434	1,199
Part-Time Students				
Total.....	\$396	\$527	\$502	\$228
Public.....	346	450	419	224
Private.....	794	890	719	(B)

B Base less than 75,000.

¹Includes persons not reported on attendance status and control of school, not shown separately.

However, regardless of attendance status, the expected educational expenses of students at private institutions were, on the average, considerably larger than those at public schools. The median expenses for full-time students at private colleges was \$2,470 compared with \$870 at public colleges. At private vocational schools, the expected median educational expenses was \$950 compared with \$300 at public institutions.

The expected expenses for transportation and for books and supplies also varied by type of school. Expected transportation costs tended to be higher for full-time college students in two-year colleges than for four-year college students and university students. This was partly due to differences in living arrangements, as

students in two-year colleges were not as likely to be living in college dormitories or school-owned apartments as were four-year college and university students. Only about 5 percent of two-year college and vocational school students lived in dormitories or school-owned apartments compared with 23 percent of those in four-year colleges and universities (table G). The median amount expected to be spent on transportation was about \$170 for full-time two-year college students compared with \$110 for full-time university students (see table 2). Expected expenses for books and supplies tended to be somewhat higher for full-time university and four-year college students than students at other types of postsecondary schools. For example, the median expenses for books and supplies was about \$160 for full-time university students but only about \$110 for vocational school students.

Table G. TYPE OF LIVING QUARTERS WHILE ATTENDING SCHOOL FOR POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS BY TYPE OF SCHOOL: OCTOBER 1973

Type of living quarters	Total	University or 4-year college	2-year college	Vocational school
All students.....thousands..	9,667	6,090	2,075	1,502
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Private house or apartment.....	77.1	69.0	93.6	86.8
Dormitory or school-owned apartment	18.2	25.7	3.3	8.3
Fraternity or sorority house.....	1.5	2.3	-	0.1
Rooming or boarding house.....	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9
Other living quarters.....	1.8	1.6	1.7	2.7
Not reported.....	0.5	0.4	0.5	1.2

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.

Financial dependence on parents. Many postsecondary students depend on their parents for their educational and living expenses. However, in October 1973, over half, 54 percent, of the postsecondary students indicated that they were financially independent of their parents.³ The proportion of students who considered themselves financially independent varied, however, by the type of school they were attending (table H). For instance, 72 percent of the vocational school students, but only 39 percent of four-year college students, considered themselves financially independent.

The total expected educational expenses of postsecondary students who considered themselves to be financially independent were considerably less than those of students who were dependent on support from their parents. This relationship holds true not only for postsecondary school students as a whole, but for each type of school as well. For example, the median expected educational expenses of financially independent four-year college students was about \$810 compared with \$1,730 for dependent students.

In part, this difference in expected educational expenses between independent and dependent students is a result of the difference in the proportion of students attending full time. A much larger proportion of dependent students (91 percent) than independent students (44 percent) were attending on a full-time basis in 1973. When the expected expenses of the full-time and part-time students are considered separately, the differences in expected educational expenses disappear

³Two different means of determining the financial dependence on parents of postsecondary students are used in this report. In the text and text tables of this report, dependency is based on the student's evaluation of his or her own financial dependence or independence. See the definitions section for explanation and discussion of other means used in the detailed tables.

or lessen depending on the type of school (see table 2). For full-time four-year college students, for example, the median educational expenses expected by independent students was about \$1,320 compared with \$1,760 for dependent students. The remaining difference in educational expenses suggests that students who receive financial assistance from their parents can more readily avail themselves of full-time study and also attend schools with higher costs than those students who are financially independent.

Table H. PERCENT DISTRIBUTION OF POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY FINANCIAL DEPENDENCE ON PARENTS: OCTOBER 1973

Type of school	Total	Financially dependent	Financially independent
Total.....	100.0	45.8	53.7
University.....	100.0	50.3	49.3
4-year college...	100.0	60.3	39.3
2-year college...	100.0	37.9	61.4
Vocational school	100.0	26.9	72.0

Other sources of income for educational expenses. There are many sources of income that postsecondary students use to defray their educational and living expenses, such as scholarships and grants, personal loans, and their own earnings. However, most sources are utilized by only a small fraction of students (table I). Student earnings during the school year and income from parents were the most common sources of income

for postsecondary students, excluding graduate students, with about 2 out of every 5 expecting to receive income from each of these sources between July 1973 and June 1974. For those students who used their own earnings to defray education expenses, the average amount earned was about \$3,290, while \$1,610 was the average amount expected to be received from parents by those with this kind of income. Other sources of income frequently used by the students were personal savings, 34 percent, spouse's income, 15 percent, and veteran's benefits, 12 percent.

Although no single scholarship or grant program provided educational funds to a large proportion of the postsecondary students, taken together these programs did provide funds for a significant number. About 8 percent of the postsecondary students, excluding graduate students, reported receiving State scholarships or grants, about the same proportion received local scholarships or grants, 3 percent received income through the Educational Opportunity Grants Program, and 1 percent through the Basic Educational Opportunity Grants programs in 1973.⁴ These grants or scholarships did not necessarily reach students with low incomes; nearly half of the grant and scholarship recipients were in families with an income of \$10,000 or more, and nearly one-fourth were in families with income of \$15,000 or more.

As was the case with grants and scholarships, no single loan program reached a particularly large segment of postsecondary students. About 5 percent had received National Defense Student loans, 5 percent held Federal guaranteed student loans, and 3 percent had other personal loans to help defer their educational expenses in 1973.

⁴The Basic Education Opportunity Grant Program was open only to first time full-time students in October 1973.

Table I. PERCENT OF UNDERGRADUATE POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS EXPECTING TO RECEIVE INCOME FROM SELECTED SOURCES BETWEEN JULY 1973 AND JUNE 1974 AND AVERAGE AMOUNT RECEIVED: OCTOBER 1973

Source of income	All students		4-year college and university students		2-year college students		Vocational school students	
	Percent of students with income from specific source	Average amount received	Percent of students with income from specific source	Average amount received	Percent of students with income from specific source	Average amount received	Percent of students with income from specific source	Average amount received
Personal savings.....	34.0	\$742	42.6	\$742	24.1	\$703	20.4	\$806
Earnings while taking courses.....	44.3	3,289	39.9	2,400	52.9	3,930	46.1	4,721
Spouse's earnings.....	14.8	5,944	11.4	5,324	18.8	6,630	20.2	6,185
Parents.....	42.2	1,607	55.8	1,690	27.3	1,308	19.9	1,431
V.A. benefits.....	11.5	1,742	8.0	1,755	16.3	1,758	16.0	1,701
State scholarship or grant	7.9	658	11.4	707	3.7	383	(B)	(B)
Local scholarship or grant	6.9	689	10.3	712	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
National defense student loan.....	5.2	654	8.3	661	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Federal guaranteed student loan.....	5.1	1,139	6.2	1,124	(B)	(B)	5.0	\$1,238

B Base less than \$5,000.

Educational expenses for out-of-State students. College students who were classified as out-of-State students expected to have higher educational expenses than those classified as in-State students. However, only a relatively small proportion (about 9 percent) of the college students indicated that their schools classified them as out-of-State students. A considerably smaller proportion (only 2 percent) of the two-year college students were classified as out-of-State (table J). Out-of-State college students were more likely to be attending private colleges than were the in-State students, 48 percent and 16 percent, respectively. Out-of-State students were also much more likely to be attending on a full-time basis—89 percent compared with 69 percent of the in-State students. Both these factors contributed to the higher median educational expenses expected by out-of-State students than those expected by in-State students. For out-of-State college students as a whole, the median educational expenses expected in the 1973-74 school year was \$2,140 compared with \$770 for in-State students.

Even among students attending private colleges where State of residence is not usually a factor in assessing tuition, the median educational expenses for out-of-State students was considerably higher than those for in-State students (about \$2,820 compared with \$1,870, respectively). This may in part be due to a tendency for out-of-State students to attend more expensive private colleges in other States.

Family income and educational expenses. Postsecondary students in October 1973 were from families with a median income of \$12,470 and the expected

educational expenses were \$810 (table 3).⁵ The median expected educational expenses of students was about \$770 in families with incomes under \$25,000, but jumped to about \$1,200 for students in families with income over \$25,000. As total expected educational expenses increased above the \$1,000 level, there was a tendency for students to have higher family incomes. For example, the median family income for students whose expected educational expenses were between \$1,000 and \$2,000 was about \$12,180, compared with a median family income of \$13,750 for students with educational expenses between \$2,000 and \$3,000, and \$16,270 for students with expected expenses over \$3,000.

Both the median family income and expected educational expenses were less for the 3.3 million postsecondary students who were married and living with their spouse than for students of other marital status (mostly single). The family income of these other students usually included that of their parents. The median family income was about \$11,960 for students who were married, spouse present, compared with \$12,830 for students of other marital status (see table 3). The median expected educational expenses for married students was about \$570 compared with \$940 for other students.

Number of family members attending postsecondary schools and household income. About 3 out of every 4 of the undergraduate students living with relatives in

⁵ This is an underestimate of family income. See Definitions and Explanations section.

Table J. DISTRIBUTION OF COLLEGE STUDENTS BY RESIDENCE STATUS AND MEDIAN EXPECTED EDUCATIONAL EXPENSES: OCTOBER 1973

Subject	All college students	University	4-year colleges	2-year colleges
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION				
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
In-State.....	80.0	80.6	75.2	82.6
Out-of-State.....	8.9	10.4	13.1	2.2
Not applicable or not reported.....	11.1	9.0	11.7	15.2
MEDIAN EXPECTED EDUCATIONAL EXPENSES				
Total.....	\$834	\$912	\$1,323	\$410
In-State.....	774	842	1,058	422
Out-of-State.....	2,138	2,062	2,488	928

1973 were the only persons in their families enrolled in postsecondary schools at that time. An additional 20 percent of undergraduate students were in families with two persons enrolled in postsecondary school, and 3 percent were in families with 3 or more family members enrolled. The incomes of families with more than one postsecondary member tended to be higher than families with only one member in college. The median family income for students who were the only person enrolled in their family was about \$10,900 compared with \$15,600 for students in families with more than one member in postsecondary school.

RELATED REPORTS

Data on college enrollment for October 1973 were presented in Series P-20, No. 272. Statistics on school enrollment for October of the years prior to 1973 have been published in other reports in Series P-20. A more limited amount of data on expenses of college students were published in *Current Population Reports Series P-20, No. 183, "Characteristics of Students and Their Colleges: October 1966"*, and in Series Census-ERS P-27, No. 30, *"Educational Status, College Plans, and Occupational Status of Farm and Nonfarm Youth: October 1959"*.

Data on college plans of high school seniors for October 1973 were presented in *"College Plans of High School Seniors: October 1973," Current Population Reports, Series P-20, No. 270.*

Statistics on school enrollment for cities, standard metropolitan statistical areas, States, regions, and the United States appear in reports of the decennial censuses. Detailed statistics on school enrollment by age and socioeconomic characteristics for regions and the United States are presented in Subject Reports of the 1970 census, especially in PC(2)-5A, *School Enrollment*.

Figures on school enrollment from the October Current Population Survey differ from decennial census data for reasons in addition to the difference in the dates. In the first place, the survey data exclude the institutional population and members of the Armed Forces. These two groups were included in the census. Second, there were differences in field work. The small

group of Current Population Survey enumerators were more experienced and had more intensive training and supervision than the large number of temporary census enumerators and may have more often obtained more accurate answers from respondents. Third, the census was taken in April and relates to enrollment since February 1, whereas the surveys were taken in October and relate to enrollment in the current term. This difference in months of the year affects not only the extent of school enrollment (through "dropouts" during the school year, etc.) but also the level of school in which persons of a given age are enrolled.

Data from school systems. Information on college enrollment is also collected and published by Federal, State and local governmental agencies, and by independent research organizations. This information is generally obtained from reports of school systems and institutions of higher learning, and from other surveys and censuses. These data are only roughly comparable with data collected by the Bureau of the Census by household interviews, however, because of differences in definitions, subject matter covered, and enumeration methods. The census data are subject to sampling variability, which may be relatively large where numbers for specific age or population groups, or for given school categories, are small.

DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

Population coverage. The figures shown are for the civilian population excluding the relatively small number of inmates of institutions, and are restricted to persons 16 years old and over.

Postsecondary school enrollment. Persons in households interviewed for the October 1973 Current Population Survey sample who indicated that they were enrolled in a regular college or were "taking any business, vocational or technical courses" were asked to fill out a supplemental questionnaire (CPS-621, reproduced in the appendix). Only those students who filled one of lines 1 through 9 of question 5 (shown below) on that supplemental questionnaire are included as postsecondary students in this report. Students who checked lines 10 or 11 of item 5 or did not respond to item 5 are excluded from this report.

5. Mark the one type of school at which you are currently enrolled.

(114)

☐ Mark here if you are taking courses at more than one type of school, and respond in terms of your primary choice.

(115)

- ☐ 1 University
- ☐ 2 Four-year college
- ☐ 3 Two-year community or junior college
- ☐ 4 Business or commercial school
- ☐ 5 Technical, vocational, or trade school
- ☐ 6 Flight school
- ☐ 7 Correspondence school
- ☐ 8 Hospital school
- ☐ 9 Beauty or barber school
- ☐ 10 Company training school
- ☐ 11 Other school - Specify _____

College students. The term "college students" in this report refers to the sum of those students who indicated in item 5 (above) that they were enrolled at a "university", "four-year college", or a "two-year college".

Vocational school students. In this report, the term "vocational school students" refers to the sum of those students who indicated that they were attending one of the types of schools between lines 4 and 9 in item 5 (above), i.e., (a) a business or commercial school, (b) a technical, vocational or trade school, (c) a flight school, (d) a correspondence school, (e) a hospital school, or (f) a beauty or barber school.

Age. The age classification is based on the age of the person at his last birthday.

Race. The population is divided into three groups on the basis of race: white, Negro, and "other races." The last category includes Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and any other race except white and Negro.

Spanish origin. Information on origin or descent was obtained by asking "What is (this person's) origin or descent?" Responses generally refer to a person's perceived national or ethnic lineage and do not necessarily indicate the country of birth of himself or his parents. The category Spanish origin includes persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Central or South American, and other Spanish origin.

Marital status. The marital status category shown in this report, "married, spouse present," only includes persons who are currently married and living with their spouse. The "other marital status" category includes persons who were currently married, but their spouse was absent due to legal separation, etc., divorced, widowed, and single (never married).

Financial dependence on parents. Two means of determining the financial dependence on parents of postsecondary students are used in this report. The first is based on the response of students to a question which asked directly if they considered themselves to be financially independent of their parents (see question 8, section A, CPS 621). This definition is used in the text of the report and in tables 2 and 4. The second definition is based on responses to a set of questions which in part correspond to the Basic Educational Opportunity Grant's program definition of financial independence. A student was classified as independent if he or she responded negatively to all parts of questions 11, 12, and 13 of section A on the C.P.S. 621 questionnaire (see appendix A), that is, if during the period between 1972 and 1974 they had not or did not plan to live with their parents, received \$600 or more from their parents or were claimed as a dependent on their parent's income tax return. Students were classified "dependent" if they responded affirmatively to any part of these items. This definition is used in table 8. The proportion of students who classified themselves as independent is higher than the proportion who were classified as independent using the B.E.O.G.'s program definition (see table K).

Table K. SELF-EVALUATION OF FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE OF POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY BASIC EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITY GRANTS PROGRAM CRITERIA OF FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE: OCTOBER 1973

(Numbers in thousands)

B.E.O.G.'s program definition of financial independence ¹	Total	Self-evaluation of independence		
		Independent	Dependent	Not reported
Total.....	9,667	5,188	4,426	53
Independent.....	3,393	3,288	94	11
Dependent.....	5,704	1,685	4,001	18
Not reported.....	570	215	330	25

¹See text for definition.

Public or private school. Students were asked to classify their school as either publicly or privately owned. A public school is defined as any educational institution operated by publicly elected or appointed school officials and supported by public funds. Private schools include educational institutions established and

operated by religious bodies, as well as those which are under other private control. In cases where enrollment was in a school or college which was both publicly and privately controlled or supported, enrollment was counted according to whether it was primarily public or private.

Full-time and part-time attendance. Students who identified their school as a college were asked to indicate whether they were attending on a full- or part-time basis. A student was regarded as attending college full time if he was taking 12 or more hours of classes during the average school week, and part time if he was taking less than 12 hours of classes during the average school week. A similar question was asked of students attending vocational schools, with the additional option of "not classified" since some vocational schools do not have a full/part-time distinction.

Living arrangements. The data on living arrangements of postsecondary students are based on responses to an item which asked the students with whom they were living while attending school (see appendix, question

6, section A, CPS-621). In the Current Population Survey, single postsecondary students are counted as household members of the place where they reside when not attending school (unless they have permanently left their parental home). Married students and student nurses in the Current Population Survey are normally counted where they live while attending school.

Type of living quarters. Students were asked to describe their living quarters while attending school (see appendix, question 7, section A, CPS-621).

Educational expenses. Data on educational expenses were derived from responses to the item reproduced below.

15. What do you expect YOUR total educational expenses to be between July 1973 and June 1974, regardless of who pays them? If your spouse or other dependents are attending college, or a business, vocational, or technical school, DO NOT include their educational expenses here.	
a. Tuition and fees	(134)
b. Books and supplies	(135)
c. Transportation to and from class	(136)
	(137)

Dollars only	
\$	(00)
\$	(00)
\$	(00)
OR (Mark (X) box if none)	
☐ None	

The sum of the three parts of this item is referred to in the report as "total educational expenses". It should be noted that room and board expenses are not here included as educational expenses.

Earnings of students. Data on earnings of students in the report are based on responses to an item which asked the students what their expected earnings would be between July 1973 and June 1974 in (a) wages and salary income and (b) net self-employment income. (see item 14, section A, CPS-621, appendix.)

Sources of income. Data on sources of income were derived from responses of the students to a question which asked how much, if any, of their income they expected to derive from a list of 16 possible sources. (See item 17, section A, CPS-621, appendix.)

Family income. Income as defined in this report represents the combined total money income of the family before deductions for personal taxes, Social Security, bonds, etc. It is the algebraic sum of money wages and salaries, net income from self-employment, and income other than earnings received by all family members during the 12 months prior to the surveys. It should be noted that although the family income statistics refer to receipts during the previous 12 months, the characteristics of the person, such as age, marital status, etc., and the composition of families refer to the date of the survey.

The income tables include in the lowest income group those who were classified as having no income in the previous 12 months and those reporting a loss in net income from farm and nonfarm self-employment or in rental income.

The income tables in this report include a separate category for families for whom no income information was obtained. In most of the other Current Population Survey reports showing income data, the missing income data have been allocated.

The money income level of families shown in this report may be somewhat understated. Income data from the October control card are based on the respondent's estimate of total family money income for the preceding 12 months coded in broad, fixed income intervals. Income data collected in the March supplement to the Current Population Survey are based on responses to 8 direct questions asked of all persons 14 years old and over identifying 14 different sources of income and cover the preceding calendar year.

Previous research has shown that the use of broad income intervals to record money income tends to reduce the rate of nonreporting while increasing the likelihood that the amounts reported will be significantly understated as compared with results from more detailed questions.

Family. The term "family," as used here, refers to a group of two persons or more related by blood, marriage, or adoption and residing together; all such persons are considered as members of one family. A primary family is a family which includes among its members the head of a household.

SOURCE AND RELIABILITY OF THE ESTIMATES

Source of data. The estimates contained in this report are based on data obtained from drop-off questionnaires that were given to households which had indicated on a supplement to the October 1973 Current Population Survey the presence in some form of postsecondary schooling of at least one member of the household. The Current Population Survey sample is spread over 461 areas comprising 923 counties and independent cities with covering in each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia. Approximately 47,000 occupied households are eligible for interview each month. Of this number 2,000 occupied units, on the average, are visited but interviews are not obtained because the occupants are not found at home after repeated calls or are unavailable for some other reason. In addition to the 47,000 there are also about 8,000 sample units in an average month which are visited but are found to be vacant or otherwise not to be interviewed.

The estimation procedure used in this survey involved the inflation of the weighted sample results to independent estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population of the United States by age, race, and sex. Those independent estimates were based on statistics from the 1970 Census of Population; statistics of births, deaths, immigration, and emigration; and statistics on the strength of the Armed Forces.

Reliability of the estimates. Since the estimates are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same schedules, instructions and enumerators. As in any survey work, the results are subject to errors of response and of reporting, as well as being subject to sampling variability.

The standard error is primarily a measure of sampling variability, that is, of the variations that occur by chance because a sample rather than the whole of the population is surveyed. As calculated for this report, the standard error also partially measures the effect of certain response and enumeration errors, but it does not measure, as such, any systematic biases in the data. The chances are about 68 out of 100 that an estimate from the survey differs from a complete census figure by less than the standard error. The chances are about 90 out of 100 that this difference would be less than 1.6 times the standard error, and chances are 95 out of 100 that the difference would be less than twice the standard error.

All statements of comparison appearing in the text are significant at a 1.6 standard error level or better and most are significant at a level of more than 2.0 standard errors. This means that for most differences cited in the text, the estimated difference is greater than twice the standard error of the difference. Statements of comparison qualified in some way (e.g., by the use of the phrase "some evidence") have a level of significance between 1.6 and 2.0 standard errors.

The figures presented in tables L and M are approximations to the standard errors of various estimates shown in this report. In order to derive standard errors that would be applicable to a wide variety of items and could be prepared at a moderate cost, a number of approximations were required. As a result, standard errors contained in tables L and M provide an indication of the order of magnitude of the standard errors rather than the precise standard error for any specific item. Table L contains the standard errors of estimated numbers. Table M contains standard errors of estimated percentages. The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed by using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends upon both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more. Linear interpolation in these tables may be used to obtain standard errors for intermediate values.

Table L. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATED TOTALS FOR EDUCATION

All Numbers in Thousands

(68 chances out of 100)

Size of estimate	Standard error
25.....	8
50.....	11
100.....	15
250.....	24
500.....	34
750.....	42
1,000.....	48
2,000.....	68
3,000.....	83
4,000.....	95
5,000.....	106
6,000.....	116
7,000.....	125
8,000.....	133
9,000.....	140
10,000.....	147

Table M. STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATED PERCENTAGES FOR EDUCATIONAL CHARACTERISTICS

(68 chances out of 100)

Base of percentage (Numbers in thousands)	Estimated percentage					
	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	25 or 75	35 or 65	50
250.....	1.3	2.1	2.9	4.2	4.6	4.8
500.....	1.0	1.5	2.0	3.0	3.3	3.4
750.....	0.8	1.2	1.7	2.4	2.7	2.8
1,000.....	0.7	1.1	1.4	2.1	2.3	2.4
2,000.....	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.5	1.6	1.7
3,000.....	0.4	0.6	0.8	1.2	1.3	1.4
4,000.....	0.3	0.5	0.7	1.0	1.1	1.2
5,000.....	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.9	1.0	1.1
6,000.....	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.9	0.9	1.0
7,000.....	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.9	0.9
8,000.....	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.9
9,000.....	0.2	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.8
10,000.....	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8

Illustration of the use of tables of standard errors. Detailed table 1 of this report shows that there were 1,715,000 persons attending a 4 year college in October, 1973. Linear interpolation in table L of this sampling statement shows the standard error on an estimate of this size to be approximately 62,000. The chances are 68 out of 100 that the estimate would have been a figure differing from a complete census figure by less than 62,000. The chances are 95 out of 100 that the estimate would have differed from a complete census figure by less than 124,000; i.e., this 95 percent confidence interval would be from 1,591,000 to 1,839,000.

Detailed table 1 also shows that the 1,715,000 students represented approximately 17.7 percent of the 9,667,000 students in all postsecondary schools. Table M provides standard errors of percentages for educational characteristics and indicates the standard error of the estimated 17.7 percent is approximately 0.6 percent. Consequently, chances are 68 out of 100 that the estimated 17.7 percent would be within 0.6 percentage points of a complete census figure, and chances are 95 out of 100 that the estimate would be within 1.2 percentage points of a census figure; i.e., this 95 percent confidence interval would be from 16.5 to 18.9 percent.

Differences. For a difference between two sample estimates, the standard error is approximately equal to the square root of the sum of the squares of the standard errors of each estimate considered separately. This formula will represent the actual standard error quite accurately for the difference between two estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated character-

istics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will over estimate the true standard error.

Illustration of the computation of the standard error of a difference. Detailed table 2 of this report shows that in October 1973 7.8 percent of students attending a 4 year college reported educational expenses of under \$250. The corresponding percentage for students attending vocational school was 32.9 percent. Thus, the apparent difference in these percentages is 25.1 percent. Two way linear interpolation in table M of this sampling statement shows the standard error of the estimated 7.8 percent on a base of 1,665,000 persons to be approximately 1.0 percent. The same procedure shows the standard error of 32.9 percent on a base of 1,502,000 persons to be approximately 1.9 percent. The standard error of the estimated difference of 25.1 percent is about 2.1 percent = $\sqrt{(1.0)^2 + (1.9)^2}$. This means the chances are 68 out of 100 that the estimated difference based on the samples would differ from the change derived using complete census figures by less than 2.1 percent. The 68 percent confidence interval around the 25.1 percent change is from 23.0 percent to 27.2 percent, i.e., 25.1 ± 2.1 . A conclusion that the average estimate of the change derived from all possible samples lies within a range computed in this way would be correct for roughly 68 percent of all possible samples. The 95 percent confidence interval is 20.9 percent to 29.3 percent. Thus we can conclude with 95 percent confidence that the percentage of students attending 4 year colleges whose educational expenses are less than \$250 is less than the corresponding percentage of vocational students.

Medians. The sampling variability of an estimated median depends upon the form as well as on the size of the distribution from which the median is determined. An approximate method for measuring the reliability of a median is to determine an interval about the estimated median, such that there is a stated degree of confidence that the median based on a complete census lies within the interval. The following procedure may be used to estimate confidence limits of a median based on sample data: (1) from table M determine the standard error of a 50 percent characteristic, using the appropriate base; (2) add to and subtract from 50 percent the standard error determined in step (1); and (3) using the distribution of the characteristic, read off the confidence interval corresponding to the two points established in step (2). A two standard error confidence interval may be determined by finding the values corresponding to 50 percent plus and minus twice the standard error determined in step (1).

Illustration of the computation of the standard error of a median. Text table E shows that the median educational expense for university students was \$910 in October, 1973. The size, or base, of the distribution from which the median was determined is 4,242,000 students.

1. Table M of this sampling statement shows that the standard error of 50 percent on a base of 4,242,000 is about 1.2 percent.
2. To obtain a two standard error confidence interval on the estimated median, initially add to and subtract from 50 percent twice the standard error found in step (1). This yields percentage limits of 47.6 and 52.4.

3. From detailed table 2 it can be seen that about 38.5 percent of university students had educational expenses of less than \$750 and 17.9 percent had educational expenses between \$750 and \$1,000. By linear interpolation the lower limit on the estimate is found to be about:

$$\$750 + (\$1,000 - \$750) \left(\frac{47.6 - 38.5}{17.9} \right) = \$877$$

Similarly, the upper limit may be found by linear interpolation to be about:

$$\$750 + (\$1,000 - \$750) \left(\frac{52.4 - 38.5}{17.9} \right) = \$944$$

Thus, the 95 percent confidence interval ranges from \$877 to \$944.

Illustration of the computation of the standard error of a mean. To get a rough estimate of the standard error of a mean, the following formula can be used:

$$\sigma_{\bar{x}}^2 = R \left[\frac{\sum_{i=1}^c P_i X_i^2}{n} - \frac{\bar{x}^2}{n} \right]$$

where: n is the weighted total number of cases in all c classes, P_i is the proportion of total cases in the i^{th} class, X_i is the midpoint of the i^{th} class, and $\bar{x}$ is the mean value of the distribution, $\sum_{i=1}^c P_i X_i$.

R is a constant which depends on the sample size, the sample design, and the estimation procedure. For calculations in this report, $R = 2323.9469$ may be used. To obtain an estimated standard error for a mean find $\sigma_{\bar{x}}^2$ and take the square root.

**Table 1. PERSONS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER ENROLLED IN POSTSECONDARY SCHOOLS
BY TYPE OF SCHOOL, AGE, SEX, AND RACE: OCTOBER 1973**

(In thousands. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Age, sex, and race	All students	College students				Vocational school students							
		Total	2-year college	4-year college	University	Total	Business or commercial schools	Tech., voc., or trade school	Flight school	Correspondence school	Hospital school	Beauty or barber school	
BOTH SEXES													
Total.....	9,667	8,165	2,075	1,715	4,375	1,502	219	886	27	160	158	52	
16 to 21 years.....	4,968	4,421	1,012	1,092	2,317	548	86	299	-	13	124	26	
22 to 24 years.....	1,471	1,253	233	236	784	218	29	142	-	22	18	9	
25 to 34 years.....	2,085	1,681	507	243	931	403	64	244	14	60	12	9	
35 years and over.....	1,143	810	323	145	342	333	41	202	12	66	3	-	
MALE													
Total.....	5,347	4,499	1,115	889	2,495	847	74	593	24	143	14	-	
16 to 21 years.....	2,489	2,262	511	537	1,214	228	14	196	-	11	7	-	
22 to 24 years.....	910	772	148	143	481	138	15	104	-	18	2	-	
25 to 34 years.....	1,361	1,083	294	157	632	277	32	171	11	57	5	-	
35 years and over.....	587	382	162	53	167	205	14	122	12	57	-	-	
FEMALE													
Total.....	4,320	3,666	960	825	1,881	655	145	293	3	17	144	52	
16 to 21 years.....	2,479	2,159	501	555	1,103	320	72	103	-	2	117	26	
22 to 24 years.....	561	481	85	93	303	80	14	38	-	4	16	9	
25 to 34 years.....	724	598	211	86	299	126	32	73	3	3	7	9	
35 years and over.....	556	438	161	92	175	128	27	80	-	9	3	9	
RACE													
Total.....	9,667	8,165	2,075	1,715	4,375	1,502	219	886	27	160	158	52	
White.....	8,661	7,338	1,825	1,513	4,000	1,323	171	760	27	157	156	52	
Negro.....	789	631	202	150	279	158	41	113	-	2	2	-	
Spanish origin ¹	326	282	NA	NA	NA	44	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	

- Represents zero. NA Not available.

¹Persons of Spanish origin may be of any race.

Table 2. EXPECTED EDUCATIONAL EXPENSES BETWEEN JULY 1973 AND JUNE 1974 FOR POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY TYPE OF SCHOOL, FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE, AND ATTENDANCE STATUS: OCTOBER 1973

(Numbers in thousands, civilian noninstitutional population)

Educational expense/and financial independence	Total ¹					Full time					Part time				
	All schools	University	4-year college	2-year college	Vocational school	All schools	University	4-year college	2-year college	Vocational school	All schools	University	4-year college	2-year college	Vocational school
ALL FINANCIAL STATUS²															
Total.....	9,667	4,375	1,715	2,075	1,502	6,344	3,200	1,335	1,073	737	2,886	1,116	354	907	499
Number reporting educational expenses.....	9,089	4,242	1,663	1,925	1,257	6,073	3,128	1,307	995	644	2,672	1,066	345	851	410
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$250.....	16.4	6.9	7.8	34.1	32.9	5.1	1.7	2.3	14.1	14.0	37.5	21.2	27.0	54.8	53.2
\$250 to \$499.....	15.0	14.7	9.2	24.8	19.7	10.7	7.9	5.3	23.9	14.9	24.5	26.9	22.9	26.3	15.6
\$500 to \$749.....	16.6	18.9	12.6	18.0	12.2	9.0	17.6	11.4	23.9	14.1	16.6	22.5	16.8	12.1	10.0
\$750 to \$999.....	13.7	17.9	11.5	9.2	9.4	16.5	20.3	10.8	14.7	12.1	8.5	11.4	14.3	3.3	7.3
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	13.6	16.1	14.1	8.2	12.8	17.4	7	15.3	13.7	20.2	6.3	9.1	9.6	2.4	4.1
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	7.8	8.4	13.4	2.3	6.5	10.1	9.8	15.8	4.1	9.0	2.8	4.0	4.9	0.5	2.9
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	10.2	10.3	19.6	2.1	7.8	14.1	13.6	14.3	3.8	11.3	2.4	3.2	2.3	0.2	3.1
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	4.7	6.2	7.7	0.9	1.7	6.6	8.1	9.1	1.5	1.9	0.9	1.2	0.8	0.1	1.2
\$4,000 and over.....	1.9	1.9	4.1	0.4	1.2	2.5	2.4	5.0	0.4	1.6	0.6	0.7	0.1	0.4	0.3
Median.....	\$784	\$910	\$1,318	\$410	\$533	\$1,017	\$1,056	\$1,633	\$123	\$885	\$377	\$520	\$262	\$230	\$225
Number reporting tuition and fees.....	9,089	4,242	1,663	1,925	1,257	6,073	3,128	1,307	995	644	2,672	1,066	345	851	410
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$250.....	30.4	17.2	15.3	61.7	46.9	16.7	8.9	8.3	42.8	21.2	37.6	40.9	39.7	81.4	66.6
\$250 to \$499.....	16.1	17.8	12.4	18.8	11.2	15.1	13.1	9.4	23.1	11.8	18.7	25.8	23.5	12.3	9.5
\$500 to \$749.....	17.8	25.0	14.5	9.5	10.7	21.1	27.8	14.0	14.5	12.4	11.2	16.3	16.8	3.5	8.8
\$750 to \$999.....	7.2	8.3	8.1	3.7	7.2	8.9	9.8	8.3	3.9	10.2	3.9	4.3	7.8	1.5	3.9
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	9.3	10.3	13.3	3.0	10.3	11.1	11.3	14.1	5.4	13.4	4.6	7.2	7.5	0.7	3.9
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	6.1	6.0	11.8	1.4	6.0	8.2	7.2	14.5	2.6	9.0	1.5	2.6	2.0	-	1.3
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	8.4	9.9	14.8	1.4	5.6	11.7	12.7	18.5	2.5	7.3	1.6	1.6	1.4	0.2	4.6
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	3.5	4.3	6.7	0.5	1.1	5.0	5.6	8.3	0.7	1.6	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.1	0
\$4,000 and over.....	1.3	1.3	3.0	0.3	0.9	1.8	1.7	3.7	0.3	0.9	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.2	0.3
Median.....	\$549	\$630	\$989	\$169	\$317	\$715	\$734	\$1,307	\$321	\$639	\$207	\$338	\$160	\$97	\$102
Number reporting expenses for books and supplies.....	8,886	4,177	1,647	1,945	1,116	6,001	3,098	1,294	1,024	587	2,595	1,042	340	843	370
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$50.....	18.4	10.5	11.5	25.6	45.5	6.3	3.4	2.8	8.3	51.7	41.8	31.2	42.9	44.0	65.4
\$50 to \$74.....	13.4	12.1	10.4	12.1	12.9	9.5	7.8	7.3	14.9	14.0	22.1	24.8	22.1	23.5	11.6
\$75 to \$99.....	6.4	6.2	4.5	9.6	4.7	5.9	5.5	3.9	9.3	6.6	7.7	8.1	6.8	10.1	2.4
\$100 to \$149.....	20.1	25.3	27.9	22.9	14.6	28.3	27.5	31.5	31.2	20.1	14.9	18.1	14.1	13.6	8.9
\$150 to \$199.....	14.1	17.2	18.5	11.0	7.3	20.0	21.5	22.6	17.4	11.2	4.5	6.0	3.5	3.1	3.0
\$200 to \$249.....	12.6	15.4	15.3	7.4	7.1	16.4	18.4	18.0	11.8	10.2	5.2	7.2	5.3	2.8	5.1
\$250 to \$299.....	2.5	2.9	3.4	1.7	1.4	3.5	3.7	4.2	2.8	2.0	0.5	0.7	0.6	0.2	1.1
\$300 to \$349.....	3.3	4.7	4.1	1.3	1.7	4.7	5.9	4.9	2.1	2.4	0.8	1.1	1.2	0.3	1.1
\$350 to \$399.....	0.5	0.7	0.4	0.2	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.3	0.3	1.4	0.2	0.5	-	-	-
\$400 or more.....	3.8	4.7	4.0	1.4	4.2	4.6	5.3	4.2	1.8	6.0	2.0	2.4	3.2	1.2	1.4
Median.....	\$124	\$141	\$142	\$69	\$58	\$149	\$163	\$159	\$127	\$108	\$59	\$68	\$57	\$56	\$38
Number reporting transportation expenses.....	8,276	3,822	1,470	1,858	1,126	5,464	2,769	1,131	970	595	2,520	1,014	327	804	375
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$50.....	33.5	34.7	37.7	25.3	37.7	30.6	34.4	37.2	16.1	23.7	36.6	34.8	37.9	35.1	43.7
\$50 to \$74.....	11.7	11.5	9.1	13.8	12.2	9.4	10.0	7.3	9.2	10.6	17.0	15.6	16.2	19.7	16.0
\$75 to \$99.....	4.1	3.7	2.8	6.7	2.7	2.9	2.9	2.8	2.9	3.5	7.1	5.8	2.8	9.6	1.9
\$100 to \$149.....	14.5	15.9	12.3	14.3	12.8	14.8	15.3	11.4	16.7	13.4	5.0	17.7	13.7	12.2	14.1
\$150 to \$199.....	7.8	7.6	8.4	9.0	6.0	8.5	7.8	8.8	11.2	6.5	6.7	6.5	7.0	6.7	6.9
\$200 to \$249.....	9.3	8.7	9.9	11.0	7.9	11.1	9.9	10.8	15.7	10.1	6.2	5.7	6.7	6.3	6.7
\$250 to \$299.....	3.9	3.0	4.4	4.4	3.2	4.5	3.3	4.5	6.4	7.8	2.8	2.6	4.0	2.4	3.7
\$300 to \$349.....	4.2	3.9	5.7	3.8	4.2	5.3	4.4	6.2	5.5	7.2	2.1	2.7	4.3	1.5	-
\$350 to \$399.....	1.8	1.4	1.7	7.3	2.5	2.2	1.7	1.8	2.9	4.2	1.2	0.8	1.5	1.5	1.1
\$400 or more.....	9.2	9.6	8.0	9.5	9.0	10.9	10.3	9.0	13.6	12.6	6.3	8.0	4.6	5.0	6.1
Median.....	\$102	\$109	\$101	\$114	\$76	\$124	\$108	\$111	\$173	\$144	\$69	\$74	\$68	\$69	\$59

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. EXPECTED EDUCATIONAL EXPENSES BETWEEN JULY 1973 AND JUNE 1974 FOR POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY TYPE OF SCHOOL, FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE, AND ATTENDANCE STATUS: OCTOBER 1973—Continued

(Numbers in thousands. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Educational expenses and financial independence	Total ¹					Full time					Part time				
	All schs. ls	Uni- versity	4-year college	2-year college	Voca- tional school	All schools	Uni- versity	4-year college	2-year college	Voca- tional school	All schools	Uni- versity	4-year college	2-year college	Voca- tional school
FINANCIALLY INDEPENDENT															
Total.....	5,188	2,158	671	1,274	1,082	2,284	1,122	343	428	392	2,340	994	321	774	451
Number reporting educational expenses.....	4,812	2,081	651	1,181	899	2,159	1,093	335	393	339	2,359	955	306	724	374
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$250.....	25.9	13.0	15.8	44.0	39.0	7.3	3.3	3.0	14.0	16.8	39.2	22.9	28.8	37.6	23.7
\$250 to \$499.....	19.0	17.2	15.7	26.0	16.5	12.4	8.5	7.2	25.2	14.7	28.1	27.0	24.2	27.1	17.1
\$500 to \$749.....	16.7	20.3	15.2	14.6	12.1	18.4	17.8	14.0	26.0	15.9	15.9	23.0	16.7	9.5	9.6
\$750 to \$999.....	11.8	15.0	15.1	6.9	8.6	17.2	19.7	15.3	16.5	11.3	7.9	10.1	15.0	2.3	7.5
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	11.5	15.9	13.4	3.3	8.3	16.4	22.4	17.3	11.2	14.7	6.4	9.1	9.2	2.3	3.5
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	5.7	6.7	10.3	1.4	3.7	9.6	9.7	17.0	3.8	8.8	2.3	3.4	3.3	0.6	2.7
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	3.9	6.7	11.1	0.7	7.0	10.6	10.1	19.7	2.0	13.6	2.2	3.0	2.0	-	4.5
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	2.4	3.8	3.2	0.6	1.0	4.3	6.2	3.4	1.3	0.6	0.8	1.2	1.0	-	1.1
\$4,000 and over.....	1.1	-	0.5	0.3	1.6	1.8	2.4	0.9	-	2.7	0.4	0.4	-	0.4	0.5
Median.....	\$376	744	\$806	\$307	\$414	\$923	\$1,013	\$1,319	\$602	\$793	\$337	\$300	\$470	\$219	\$221
Number reporting tuition and fees.....	4,812	2,081	651	1,181	899	2,159	1,093	335	393	339	2,359	955	306	724	374
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$250.....	43.0	26.2	25.7	72.6	53.4	22.6	13.0	10.1	48.6	35.7	39.1	42.6	40.5	84.0	68.2
\$250 to \$499.....	17.0	18.4	18.6	13.6	11.2	15.3	13.7	12.8	25.2	11.5	19.1	26.3	24.8	11.6	9.6
\$500 to \$749.....	15.5	22.9	18.1	5.9	9.2	22.1	29.9	19.4	12.3	10.6	10.4	14.4	17.3	2.8	7.8
\$750 to \$999.....	6.4	7.7	8.0	2.8	6.8	9.7	10.9	8.4	6.4	10.9	3.7	4.4	7.8	1.1	4.0
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	7.6	9.7	13.1	1.6	7.0	11.4	11.9	18.2	3.8	11.8	4.6	7.4	7.5	0.4	2.7
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	3.9	4.2	8.0	0.7	4.4	6.9	6.3	14.9	2.0	7.1	1.1	2.0	0.7	-	1.6
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	4.4	5.3	6.5	0.3	6.2	8.0	8.8	11.3	0.8	10.6	1.4	1.3	1.3	-	4.8
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	1.3	2.5	1.7	0.3	0.8	2.9	4.2	3.3	0.3	1.2	0.4	0.6	-	-	1.1
\$4,000 and over.....	0.9	0.7	0.5	0.2	1.0	1.0	1.4	0.9	-	1.2	0.2	-	-	0.3	0.5
Median.....	\$352	\$532	\$576	\$121	\$217	\$646	\$694	\$969	\$264	\$565	\$200	\$339	\$343	\$95	\$98
Number reporting expenses for books and supplies.....	4,658	2,037	643	1,173	805	2,128	1,052	332	399	316	2,287	929	301	713	344
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$50.....	29.1	17.7	24.9	34.4	53.4	9.0	4.6	4.8	7.5	30.4	43.9	32.7	43.5	46.8	66.3
\$50 to \$74.....	17.2	16.7	15.4	22.1	12.7	11.2	8.8	8.4	18.0	13.6	23.0	23.6	23.3	24.4	12.5
\$75 to \$99.....	6.5	6.6	5.0	9.2	4.0	6.1	3.4	3.0	10.5	6.3	7.3	8.0	7.0	9.0	2.6
\$100 to \$149.....	18.6	21.5	20.4	17.3	12.0	25.3	25.2	28.3	27.8	19.0	13.5	17.1	12.0	11.9	8.1
\$150 to \$199.....	10.7	13.1	14.5	7.9	3.7	18.8	19.7	25.6	17.8	9.8	4.0	5.5	2.7	3.1	3.2
\$200 to \$249.....	9.4	13.4	9.5	6.0	4.6	15.3	19.1	13.9	12.3	7.3	5.0	7.0	5.0	2.9	3.8
\$250 to \$299.....	2.0	2.7	3.4	0.4	1.4	3.7	4.3	8.0	0.8	2.2	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.5	1.2
\$300 to \$349.....	2.7	3.9	3.3	1.4	1.5	5.0	6.6	5.1	3.0	2.2	0.4	0.8	1.3	0.4	1.2
\$350 to \$399.....	0.5	0.8	-	0.2	0.5	0.8	1.2	-	0.5	1.3	0.1	0.3	-	-	-
\$400 or more.....	3.2	3.9	3.7	1.3	4.1	4.8	5.3	4.5	1.8	7.3	1.8	2.3	2.7	1.3	4.2
Median.....	\$89	\$121	\$111	\$67	\$46	\$146	\$163	\$160	\$125	\$98	\$56	\$66	\$54	\$53	\$37
Number reporting transportation expenses.....	4,532	1,962	615	1,150	804	2,060	1,024	316	395	326	2,228	909	289	689	341
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Under \$50.....	32.9	31.9	30.6	29.6	41.8	23.5	26.0	21.5	13.7	23.0	38.2	35.8	39.4	37.3	45.5
\$50 to \$74.....	13.8	12.8	13.8	16.4	12.3	10.2	9.8	12.0	9.9	10.4	17.6	16.3	16.6	20.6	16.1
\$75 to \$99.....	5.1	5.1	3.1	8.3	2.2	3.7	4.2	3.8	3.0	2.8	6.2	6.2	2.4	10.0	2.1
\$100 to \$149.....	14.7	15.5	16.9	13.6	12.6	15.2	15.1	17.4	15.9	12.6	14.9	16.3	16.3	12.8	14.7
\$150 to \$199.....	7.5	7.8	8.7	7.1	5.7	9.3	9.0	11.1	10.6	6.7	6.3	6.4	6.9	3.7	7.0
\$200 to \$249.....	8.8	9.2	8.7	9.4	7.0	13.2	12.6	12.0	17.7	10.7	5.5	5.6	5.2	5.5	5.3
\$250 to \$299.....	3.0	2.8	3.1	2.3	4.6	4.2	4.3	4.1	4.3	7.1	2.2	2.2	2.4	1.3	4.1
\$300 to \$349.....	3.8	3.9	4.9	2.9	4.2	5.9	5.5	5.7	4.8	8.9	2.1	2.3	4.5	1.7	-
\$350 to \$399.....	1.5	1.4	1.8	1.4	2.0	2.1	1.9	1.9	1.8	3.7	1.2	0.9	1.7	1.3	1.2
\$400 or more.....	8.8	9.6	7.8	9.0	7.5	12.7	10.9	10.4	18.2	13.5	5.9	8.4	5.2	4.2	4.1
Median.....	\$91	\$100	\$107	\$86	\$66	\$141	\$126	\$136	\$185	\$157	\$86	\$71	\$66	\$65	\$56

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. EXPECTED EDUCATIONAL EXPENSES BETWEEN JULY 1973 AND JUNE 1974 FOR POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER, BY TYPE OF SCHOOL, FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE, AND ATTENDANCE STATUS: OCTOBER 1973—Continued

(Numbers in thousands, civilian noninstitutional population)

Educational expenses and financial independence	Total ¹					Full time					Part time				
	All schools	University	1-year college	2-year college	Vocational school	All schools	University	1-year college	2-year college	Vocational school	All schools	University	1-year college	2-year college	Vocational school
FINANCIALLY DEPENDENT															
Total.....	4,428	2,201	1,034	786	404	4,033	2,065	987	640	341	328	121	41	124	41
Number reporting educational expenses.....	4,241	2,148	1,009	731	353	3,890	2,024	967	596	303	302	111	39	117	36
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	(B)
Under \$50.....	5.7	4.1	2.7	17.8	17.0	4.0	0.8	2.1	13.9	10.6	23.8	6.3	(B)	36.8	(B)
\$50 to \$99.....	10.4	8.7	5.0	22.8	13.0	9.6	7.4	4.7	22.7	15.2	20.5	27.0	(B)	23.8	(B)
\$100 to \$149.....	16.4	17.4	10.8	23.3	12.5	16.1	17.3	10.4	22.8	12.9	20.9	18.0	(B)	26.5	(B)
\$150 to \$199.....	15.9	20.8	9.2	13.1	11.6	16.1	20.7	9.2	13.6	12.9	13.9	22.5	(B)	8.5	(B)
\$200 to \$249.....	16.1	16.4	14.7	13.0	24.4	16.9	16.8	14.8	15.4	26.4	7.3	9.9	(B)	1.7	(B)
\$250 to \$299.....	10.1	10.1	15.6	3.6	8.5	9.3	10.0	15.4	4.4	9.2	6.0	8.1	(B)	—	(B)
\$300 to \$349.....	15.1	13.0	21.2	4.4	8.5	16.1	15.7	26.1	5.0	8.6	4.0	4.5	(B)	1.7	(B)
\$350 to \$399.....	7.5	8.6	10.4	1.5	3.1	7.8	9.0	10.7	1.7	3.3	1.7	1.8	(B)	0.5	(B)
\$400 and over.....	2.8	2.3	6.4	0.5	0.6	2.9	2.3	6.5	0.7	0.7	2.3	2.7	(B)	—	(B)
Median.....	\$1,040	\$1,062	\$1,727	\$600	\$909	\$1,106	\$1,095	\$1,763	\$646	\$968	\$565	\$742	(B)	\$389	(B)
Number reporting tuition and fees.....	4,241	2,148	1,009	731	353	3,890	2,024	967	596	303	302	111	39	117	36
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	(B)
Under \$50.....	16.1	7.6	8.7	43.8	30.6	13.4	6.7	7.7	38.9	26.7	45.4	26.1	(B)	66.7	(B)
\$50 to \$99.....	14.9	15.7	8.2	23.7	11.3	14.9	15.6	8.1	25.0	12.1	16.2	18.9	(B)	17.1	(B)
\$100 to \$149.....	20.3	27.0	12.1	14.9	14.4	20.5	26.7	12.1	15.9	14.9	18.2	29.7	(B)	8.5	(B)
\$150 to \$199.....	8.1	8.9	8.2	5.3	8.8	8.5	9.3	8.3	5.7	9.6	4.6	3.6	(B)	5.1	(B)
\$200 to \$249.....	11.3	10.9	13.6	5.2	19.3	11.8	11.2	13.9	6.4	19.8	2.0	5.4	(B)	—	(B)
\$250 to \$299.....	8.5	7.7	14.3	2.6	9.3	8.8	7.7	14.3	3.2	10.7	4.0	7.2	(B)	—	(B)
\$300 to \$349.....	12.9	14.2	20.3	3.3	3.7	13.8	14.8	21.1	3.7	3.6	3.3	4.5	(B)	1.7	(B)
\$350 to \$399.....	5.8	6.1	9.9	0.8	2.0	6.1	6.3	10.0	0.8	2.3	2.3	2.7	(B)	0.9	(B)
\$400 and over.....	2.1	1.8	4.7	0.4	0.6	2.2	1.9	4.7	0.5	0.7	1.3	1.8	(B)	—	(B)
Median.....	\$734	\$747	\$1,465	\$315	\$635	\$784	\$777	\$1,500	\$360	\$692	\$322	\$640	(B)	\$146	(B)
Number reporting expenses for books and supplies.....	4,194	2,129	999	759	306	3,851	2,006	957	619	269	296	17	39	121	26
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	(B)
Under \$50.....	6.4	3.6	2.9	11.9	24.2	4.7	2.6	2.1	8.4	20.4	26.7	18.8	(B)	28.9	(B)
\$50 to \$99.....	9.7	7.8	7.0	14.2	13.7	8.6	7.3	6.8	12.9	14.1	15.9	17.9	(B)	13.2	(B)
\$100 to \$149.....	6.2	5.8	4.3	10.0	6.5	5.8	5.6	4.3	8.6	7.1	10.5	8.9	(B)	15.7	(B)
\$150 to \$199.....	29.8	29.0	32.6	31.6	21.6	30.1	28.9	32.6	33.6	21.9	25.7	25.9	(B)	24.8	(B)
\$200 to \$249.....	19.6	21.6	20.9	15.8	10.8	20.6	22.4	21.4	17.1	12.3	8.8	9.8	(B)	9.1	(B)
\$250 to \$299.....	16.1	17.4	19.1	9.6	13.7	17.0	17.9	19.5	11.6	13.8	6.8	8.9	(B)	0.8	(B)
\$300 to \$349.....	3.2	3.2	3.4	3.6	1.6	3.5	3.4	3.6	4.2	1.9	—	—	(B)	—	(B)
\$350 to \$399.....	4.3	5.4	4.7	1.3	2.3	4.6	5.6	4.9	1.6	2.6	1.4	3.6	(B)	—	(B)
\$400 to \$499.....	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.3	1.0	0.6	0.5	0.7	0.3	1.1	0.7	1.8	(B)	—	(B)
\$500 or more.....	4.3	5.5	4.2	1.7	4.6	4.5	5.6	4.1	1.8	4.5	3.7	4.5	(B)	1.7	(B)
Median.....	\$147	\$158	\$157	\$22	\$112	\$151	\$162	\$159	\$129	\$116	\$63	\$107	(B)	\$79	(B)
Number reporting transportation expenses.....	3,722	1,854	852	699	316	3,389	1,741	811	570	266	485	104	37	110	34
Total, percent.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	(B)
Under \$50.....	34.1	37.8	42.5	18.0	25.9	34.8	38.3	43.2	17.5	23.7	24.6	26.9	(B)	20.9	(B)
\$50 to \$99.....	9.1	10.0	5.9	9.4	12.0	8.8	10.1	5.5	8.8	11.3	12.6	9.6	(B)	14.5	(B)
\$100 to \$149.....	2.7	2.2	2.6	4.1	3.8	2.5	2.2	2.5	2.8	4.5	4.9	1.9	(B)	9.1	(B)
\$150 to \$199.....	14.3	16.5	9.0	15.6	13.6	14.2	15.5	9.0	17.4	14.7	16.1	29.6	(B)	9.1	(B)
\$200 to \$249.....	8.2	7.1	8.0	11.9	6.3	8.1	7.1	8.0	11.8	7.1	9.8	8.7	(B)	12.7	(B)
\$250 to \$299.....	10.0	8.3	10.7	14.0	10.4	9.9	8.4	10.4	14.2	9.8	11.9	6.7	(B)	11.8	(B)
\$300 to \$349.....	4.8	3.3	5.3	7.4	6.6	4.7	3.2	4.7	7.5	7.9	7.7	4.8	(B)	9.1	(B)
\$350 to \$399.....	4.8	3.9	6.3	5.4	4.4	4.9	3.8	6.4	6.0	5.3	2.8	5.8	(B)	—	(B)
\$400 to \$499.....	2.2	1.5	1.6	3.7	3.8	2.2	1.6	1.7	3.7	4.5	1.1	—	(B)	2.7	(B)
\$500 or more.....	9.7	9.7	8.1	10.4	13.0	9.8	9.9	8.5	10.5	11.7	8.4	5.8	(B)	8.2	(B)
Median.....	\$113	\$100	\$90	\$161	\$130	\$113	\$94	\$111	\$165	\$136	\$124	\$119	(B)	\$136	(B)

— Represents zero or rounds to zero.

B Base less than \$5,000.

¹Includes not reported on attendance status and "not classified" for vocational school students, not shown separately.

²Includes not reported on financial independence, not shown separately.

Table 3. EXPECTED EDUCATIONAL EXPENSES BETWEEN JUNE 1973 AND JULY 1974 FOR POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS BY FAMILY INCOME, ATTENDANCE STATUS AND MARITAL STATUS: OCTOBER 1973

(Numbers in thousands. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Family income, marital status and attendance status	Expected educational expenses							
	Total	Under \$250	\$250 to \$999	\$1,000 to \$1,999	\$2,000 to \$2,999	\$3,000 and over	Not reported	Median ¹ dollars
ALL MARITAL STATUS								
All Attendance Status								
Total.....	9,667	1,494	4,122	1,944	926	603	578	805
Under \$4,000.....	963	110	421	219	77	67	70	849
\$4,000 to \$5,999.....	735	105	325	157	60	21	6*	778
\$6,000 to \$7,499.....	563	93	241	115	48	27	39	774
\$7,500 to \$9,999.....	1,015	197	440	205	74	40	59	774
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	2,509	461	1,132	484	232	89	151	780
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	2,265	380	991	415	233	142	104	780
\$25,000 and over.....	977	84	342	219	143	148	40	1,101
Not reported.....	589	63	230	131	5*	59	47	927
Median ¹	\$12,467	\$12,279	\$12,293	\$12,179	\$13,753	\$16,266	\$10,987	(X)
Full-Time Students								
Total.....	6,344	312	2,682	1,667	856	555	271	1,025
Under \$4,000.....	779	54	347	198	73	59	51	920
\$4,000 to \$5,999.....	520	34	240	142	51	21	31	908
\$6,000 to \$7,499.....	373	21	161	102	44	26	20	973
\$7,500 to \$9,999.....	585	44	249	173	67	34	18	969
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	1,443	55	633	389	213	90	63	1,005
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	1,463	67	645	362	213	130	45	996
\$25,000 and over.....	749	23	243	183	142	141	16	1,548
Not reported.....	432	15	164	117	53	56	26	1,203
Median ¹	\$12,421	\$9,777	\$12,069	\$12,048	\$13,909	\$16,500	\$10,194	(X)
Part-Time Students								
Total.....	2,886	1,003	1,326	241	64	39	214	438
Under \$4,000.....	159	49	70	20	6	4	14	502
\$4,000 to \$5,999.....	178	64	66	15	9	-	25	394
\$6,000 to \$7,499.....	159	58	77	10	4	2	13	403
\$7,500 to \$9,999.....	381	132	178	29	7	6	29	434
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	971	343	465	74	16	5	67	425
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	709	267	322	48	16	13	44	403
\$25,000 and over.....	207	55	97	34	2	6	14	575
Not reported.....	123	37	56	13	6	3	7	526
Median ¹	\$12,601	\$12,640	\$12,678	\$12,811	(B)	(B)	\$11,599	(X)
MARRIED, SPOUSE PRESENT								
All Attendance Status								
Total.....	3,270	889	1,474	460	140	61	246	567
Under \$4,000.....	301	32	98	43	8	6	15	717
\$4,000 to \$5,999.....	251	44	123	47	8	3	25	665
\$6,000 to \$7,499.....	232	45	121	35	16	2	14	649
\$7,500 to \$9,999.....	473	106	212	86	24	12	28	660
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	1,071	311	492	126	38	15	88	524
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	750	272	304	77	33	16	48	444
\$25,000 and over.....	177	53	69	28	4	6	17	544
Not reported.....	115	25	53	17	5	2	12	617
Median ¹	\$11,964	\$13,289	\$11,575	\$10,367	\$10,992	(B)	\$12,084	(X)
Full-Time Students								
Total.....	1,161	91	559	307	98	43	63	864
Under \$4,000.....	141	11	75	34	6	6	9	800
\$4,000 to \$5,999.....	151	16	79	44	3	3	5	787
\$6,000 to \$7,499.....	131	12	68	30	12	2	6	799
\$7,500 to \$9,999.....	212	14	91	70	23	10	4	993
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	282	20	135	66	28	12	22	864
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	162	14	70	44	17	7	11	806
\$25,000 and over.....	41	3	16	11	4	4	2	(B)
Not reported.....	43	2	23	7	5	-	6	(B)
Median ¹	\$9,117	\$8,505	\$8,729	\$8,973	\$10,360	(B)	(B)	(X)
Part-Time Students								
Total.....	1,831	670	853	133	40	15	121	413
Under \$4,000.....	55	18	22	10	2	-	4	(B)
\$4,000 to \$5,999.....	83	27	37	3	4	-	12	427
\$6,000 to \$7,499.....	87	28	47	3	4	-	3	470
\$7,500 to \$9,999.....	227	81	112	13	6	2	15	421
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	683	238	336	44	11	-	54	426
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	517	219	220	32	14	10	22	345
\$25,000 and over.....	127	45	53	17	-	2	10	440
Not reported.....	54	15	27	10	-	2	-	(B)
Median ¹	\$13,201	\$13,670	\$12,907	\$13,551	(B)	(B)	\$12,429	(X)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. EXPECTED EDUCATIONAL EXPENSES BETWEEN JUNE 1973 AND JULY 1974 FOR POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS BY FAMILY INCOME, ATTENDANCE STATUS AND MARITAL STATUS: OCTOBER 1973—Continued

(Numbers in thousands. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Family income, marital status and attendance status	Expected educational expenses							
	Total	Under \$250	\$250 to \$999	\$1,000 to \$1,999	\$2,000 to \$2,999	\$3,000 and over	Not reported	Median ¹ (dollars)
OTHER MARITAL STATUS								
All Attendance Status								
Total.....	6,397	605	2,648	1,484	787	542	332	937
Under \$4,000.....	762	78	321	175	70	61	57	891
\$4,000 to \$5,999.....	484	60	202	110	52	18	42	846
\$6,000 to \$7,499.....	330	48	120	80	32	26	26	901
\$7,500 to \$9,999.....	543	91	228	119	46	28	31	792
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	1,488	150	640	358	194	84	62	910
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	1,515	108	686	338	200	126	56	929
\$25,000 and over.....	800	31	273	191	139	142	23	1,438
Not reported.....	474	38	176	113	53	57	35	1,044
Median ¹	\$12,829	\$10,177	\$12,844	\$12,815	\$14,302	\$17,024	\$9,453	(X)
Full-Time Students								
Total.....	5,183	221	2,124	1,361	758	511	208	1,105
Under \$4,000.....	639	42	271	164	67	53	43	958
\$4,000 to \$5,999.....	369	14	161	98	48	18	26	964
\$6,000 to \$7,499.....	242	9	93	72	32	24	14	1,175
\$7,500 to \$9,999.....	373	31	158	103	44	23	14	955
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	1,162	35	498	323	185	78	41	1,082
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	1,301	53	575	318	197	124	34	1,016
\$25,000 and over.....	708	20	226	172	138	137	15	1,584
Not reported.....	389	13	141	110	48	56	21	1,272
Median ¹	\$13,330	\$10,594	\$13,092	\$12,916	\$14,441	\$17,540	\$9,443	(X)
Part-Time Students								
Total.....	1,054	333	473	108	23	24	93	483
Under \$4,000.....	104	31	48	10	4	4	11	492
\$4,000 to \$5,999.....	95	37	29	12	4	-	13	353
\$6,000 to \$7,499.....	72	30	25	5	-	2	10	(B)
\$7,500 to \$9,999.....	153	51	66	16	2	4	15	455
\$10,000 to \$14,999.....	288	105	129	30	5	5	13	437
\$15,000 to \$24,999.....	192	47	102	16	2	4	22	527
\$25,000 and over.....	80	10	44	17	2	4	3	739
Not reported.....	69	22	30	3	6	2	7	(B)
Median ¹	\$11,179	\$10,318	\$12,086	\$11,723	(B)	(B)	\$9,161	(X)

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.

B Base less than \$5,000.

X Not applicable.

¹Based on those reporting.

Table 4. FAMILY INCOME OF POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER IN PRIMARY FAMILIES, BY MARITAL STATUS, TYPE OF SCHOOL, AND FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE: OCTOBER 1973

(Numbers in thousands. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Type of school, financial independence, and marital status	Family income									
	Total	Under \$4,000	\$4,000 to \$5,999	\$6,000 to \$7,499	\$7,500 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 and over	Not reported	Median ¹ (dollars)
ALL MARITAL STATUS										
<u>All Financial Status²</u>										
Total.....	8,436	471	555	462	883	2,365	2,213	963	522	13,350
University.....	3,739	188	200	171	304	975	1,155	566	200	14,647
4-year college.....	1,578	74	88	95	172	423	385	194	147	13,381
2-year college.....	1,862	90	152	116	206	375	452	150	118	12,689
Vocational school.....	1,258	120	115	81	200	393	241	49	58	8,534
<u>Financially Independent</u>										
Total.....	4,323	278	341	311	583	1,353	966	281	210	12,007
University.....	1,728	106	122	113	203	512	455	146	71	12,778
4-year college.....	585	35	45	59	86	163	118	33	45	11,366
2-year college.....	1,090	77	92	81	135	377	223	74	52	12,054
Vocational school.....	921	83	83	59	160	302	168	27	42	10,902
<u>Financially Dependent</u>										
Total.....	4,066	192	209	147	298	1,007	1,233	673	307	15,210
University.....	1,998	83	78	56	101	460	675	418	127	17,337
4-year college.....	986	40	41	36	84	260	263	160	102	14,645
2-year college.....	758	33	60	32	71	196	225	79	63	13,870
Vocational school.....	325	38	31	22	42	91	70	16	17	11,154
MARRIED, SPOUSE PRESENT										
<u>All Financial Status²</u>										
Total.....	3,265	201	251	232	473	1,069	748	177	114	11,959
University.....	1,267	88	101	77	172	370	343	80	36	12,396
4-year college.....	418	25	32	46	60	124	84	31	16	11,523
2-year college.....	823	35	50	64	99	318	184	44	30	12,339
Vocational school.....	756	53	68	46	141	258	138	21	31	11,056
<u>Financially Independent</u>										
Total.....	3,069	158	227	214	452	1,036	713	166	105	12,086
University.....	1,185	62	92	74	156	361	331	75	34	12,642
4-year college.....	390	20	29	43	58	117	79	30	16	11,632
2-year college.....	778	30	44	58	99	306	175	42	24	12,390
Vocational school.....	716	46	62	42	138	252	130	18	30	11,091
<u>Financially Dependent</u>										
Total.....	181	43	24	18	21	32	27	7	9	7,614
University.....	80	26	9	4	16	9	11	5	2	7,735
4-year college.....	28	6	3	4	2	7	5	1	-	(B)
2-year college.....	38	5	5	7	-	10	5	-	5	(B)
Vocational school.....	36	8	7	4	4	6	8	-	2	(B)
OTHER MARITAL STATUS										
<u>All Financial Status²</u>										
Total.....	5,171	271	304	330	410	1,296	1,465	786	409	14,497
University.....	2,472	101	99	94	132	605	792	486	164	16,564
4-year college.....	1,159	49	56	49	112	299	302	162	131	14,151
2-year college.....	1,038	53	102	9	107	237	266	111	88	13,122
Vocational school.....	501	68	48	51	60	135	104	28	28	10,981
<u>Financially Independent</u>										
Total.....	1,254	120	115	97	132	318	253	115	105	11,749
University.....	543	43	30	40	46	151	124	71	37	13,103
4-year college.....	194	16	16	16	28	46	40	3	29	10,686
2-year college.....	313	26	47	25	36	71	48	32	28	10,614
Vocational school.....	205	36	21	16	22	50	42	9	12	10,150
<u>Financially Dependent</u>										
Total.....	3,885	149	186	129	276	975	1,205	666	299	15,647
University.....	1,918	57	69	53	85	451	665	413	125	17,726
4-year college.....	868	34	38	32	82	253	256	159	102	14,782
2-year college.....	726	27	55	25	71	186	219	79	57	14,116
Vocational school.....	289	30	24	19	39	85	62	16	15	11,471

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4. FAMILY INCOME OF POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER IN PRIMARY FAMILIES, BY MARITAL STATUS, TYPE OF SCHOOL, AND FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE: OCTOBER 1973—Continued

(Numbers in thousands. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Type of school, financial independence, and marital status	Family income									
	Total	Under \$4,000	\$4,000 to \$5,999	\$6,000 to \$7,499	\$7,500 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 and over	Not reported	Median ¹ (dollars)
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION										
<u>All Financial Status²</u>										
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
University.....	44.3	39.9	36.0	37.0	34.4	41.2	52.2	58.8	38.3	(X)
4-year college.....	18.7	15.7	15.9	20.6	19.5	17.9	17.4	20.0	28.2	(X)
2-year college.....	22.1	19.1	21.4	25.1	23.3	24.3	20.4	16.1	22.6	(X)
Vocational school.....	14.9	25.3	20.7	17.5	22.7	16.6	10.9	5.1	11.1	(X)
<u>Financially Independent</u>										
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
University.....	40.0	38.1	35.8	36.3	34.8	37.8	47.1	52.0	33.8	(X)
4-year college.....	13.5	12.6	13.2	19.0	14.8	12.0	12.2	11.7	21.4	(X)
2-year college.....	25.2	20.5	27.0	26.0	23.2	27.9	23.1	26.3	24.8	(X)
Vocational school.....	21.3	29.9	24.3	19.0	27.4	22.3	17.4	9.6	20.0	(X)
<u>Financially Dependent</u>										
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
University.....	49.1	43.2	37.3	38.1	33.9	45.7	54.7	62.1	44.4	(X)
4-year college.....	24.2	20.8	19.6	24.5	28.2	25.8	21.3	23.8	33.2	(X)
2-year college.....	18.6	17.2	28.7	21.8	23.8	19.3	18.2	11.7	20.5	(X)
Vocational school.....	8.0	19.8	14.8	15.0	14.1	9.0	5.7	2.4	5.5	(X)
MARRIED, SPOUSE PRESENT										
<u>All Financial Status²</u>										
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
University.....	38.8	43.8	40.2	33.2	36.4	34.6	45.9	45.2	31.6	(X)
4-year college.....	12.8	12.4	12.7	19.8	12.7	11.6	11.2	17.5	14.0	(X)
2-year college.....	25.2	17.4	19.9	27.6	30.9	29.7	24.6	24.9	26.3	(X)
Vocational school.....	23.3	26.4	27.1	19.8	29.8	24.1	18.4	11.9	27.2	(X)
<u>Financially Independent</u>										
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
University.....	38.6	39.2	40.5	34.6	34.5	34.8	46.4	45.2	32.4	(X)
4-year college.....	12.7	12.7	12.8	20.1	12.8	11.3	11.1	18.1	15.2	(X)
2-year college.....	25.4	19.0	19.4	26.2	21.9	29.5	24.5	15.3	22.9	(X)
Vocational school.....	23.3	29.1	27.3	19.6	30.5	24.3	18.2	0.8	28.6	(X)
OTHER MARITAL STATUS										
<u>All Financial Status²</u>										
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
University.....	47.8	37.3	32.6	40.9	32.2	46.7	54.1	61.8	40.1	(X)
4-year college.....	22.4	18.1	18.4	21.3	27.3	23.1	20.6	20.6	32.0	(X)
2-year college.....	20.1	19.6	33.6	22.6	26.1	19.8	18.3	14.1	21.5	(X)
Vocational school.....	9.7	25.1	15.8	15.2	14.6	10.4	7.1	3.6	6.4	(X)
<u>Financially Independent</u>										
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
University.....	43.3	35.8	26.1	41.2	34.8	47.5	49.0	61.7	35.2	(X)
4-year college.....	15.5	13.3	13.9	16.5	21.2	14.5	15.8	2.6	27.6	(X)
2-year college.....	25.0	21.7	10.9	25.8	27.3	22.3	19.0	27.8	26.7	(X)
Vocational school.....	16.3	30.0	18.3	16.5	16.7	15.7	16.6	7.8	11.4	(X)
<u>Financially Dependent</u>										
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(X)
University.....	49.4	38.3	37.1	41.1	30.8	46.3	55.2	62.0	41.8	(X)
4-year college.....	24.7	22.8	20.4	24.8	29.7	25.9	21.4	23.9	34.1	(X)
2-year college.....	18.5	18.1	29.6	19.4	25.7	19.1	18.2	11.9	19.1	(X)
Vocational school.....	7.4	20.1	12.9	14.7	14.1	8.7	5.1	2.4	5.0	(X)

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.

B Base less than \$5,000.

X Not applicable.

¹Based on those reporting.

²Includes not reported on financial independence, not shown separately.

**Table 5. LIVING ARRANGEMENTS OF PERSONS ENROLLED IN POSTSECONDARY SCHOOL
BY FAMILY INCOME: OCTOBER 1973**

(Numbers in thousands. Excludes graduate students, Civilian noninstitutional population)

Living arrangements and type of living quarter.	Family income									
	Total	Under \$4,000	\$4,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$5,999	\$6,000 to \$7,499	\$7,500 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 and over	Not reported
LIVING ARRANGEMENTS										
Total.....	8,188	801	300	343	479	867	2,153	1,896	824	525
Living alone.....	1,051	208	63	54	67	94	235	178	81	70
Living with parents.....	2,295	115	75	59	118	190	631	624	258	219
Living with spouse and/or own children..	2,377	169	95	123	193	402	784	441	88	82
Living with other relatives.....	217	39	23	9	14	23	54	26	19	10
Living with nonrelatives.....	2,212	266	44	95	85	151	442	622	369	138
Not reported.....	35	2	-	2	2	-	7	7	10	7
TYPE OF LIVING QUARTERS										
Total.....	8,188	801	300	343	479	867	2,153	1,896	824	525
Living in private house or apartment, total.....	6,100	573	250	289	397	744	1,698	1,298	476	374
Living alone.....	557	142	54	44	44	56	113	53	11	36
Living with parents.....	2,150	98	67	56	105	193	597	582	246	206
Living with spouse and/or own children	2,297	163	84	119	176	388	766	437	88	76
Living with other relatives.....	199	31	23	9	14	23	54	22	16	6
Living with nonrelatives.....	886	139	22	60	56	84	166	198	113	47
Not reported.....	11	-	-	-	2	-	2	5	-	3
Living in dormitory.....	1,690	166	37	42	61	85	360	514	293	128
Living in fraternity or sorority house..	140	8	-	2	2	12	23	45	39	8
Living in rooming or boarding house.....	74	13	2	3	2	5	30	11	3	5
Living in other quarters.....	142	28	11	5	15	16	33	18	7	8
Not reported.....	42	12	-	2	2	-	9	11	5	2

- Represents zero.

Table 6. DISTRIBUTION OF EXPECTED SOURCES OF INCOME BETWEEN JULY 1973 AND JUNE 1974 BY TYPE OF SCHOOL FOR POSTSECONDARY SCHOOL STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER: OCTOBER 1973

(Numbers in thousands. Excludes graduate students. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Source of income and type of school	Number with income from specific source	Percent of all students	Amount of income (dollars) from specific source										Not reported	Median ¹ (dollars)
			Under \$500	\$500 to \$999	\$1,000 to \$1,499	\$1,500 to \$1,999	\$2,000 to \$2,999	\$3,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$7,999	\$8,000 and over				
ALL SCHOOLS														
Total, all sources.....	7,539	92.0	446	554	605	715	1,473	1,619	965	1,160		503	4,290	
Personal savings.....	2,791	34.0	1,249	832	370	143	104	61	26	5		753	742	
Earnings while taking courses.....	3,627	44.3	879	526	346	199	325	405	408	538		836	3,289	
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	1,219	14.8	89	64	80	51	101	235	228	371		928	5,944	
Parents.....	3,463	42.2	681	705	557	401	580	418	93	28		880	1,607	
College Work-Study Program.....	383	4.6	168	166	30	10	5	4	-	-		911	600	
National Defense Student Loan Program.....	428	5.2	144	156	130	7	2	-	-	-		888	634	
Educational Opportunity Grant Program.....	272	3.3	113	105	33	8	13	1	-	-		902	679	
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program.....	423	5.1	62	87	121	114	36	2	4	-		903	1,139	
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	84	1.0	61	15	3	4	-	-	-	-		919	440	
Veterans Administration benefits.....	948	11.5	159	151	113	132	259	117	9	7		842	1,742	
Personal loan.....	283	3.2	57	71	45	63	14	10	4	-		922	1,104	
State scholarship or grant.....	649	7.9	290	197	117	31	13	2	-	-		881	658	
Local scholarship or grant.....	569	6.9	267	147	90	32	22	11	-	-		893	689	
Social Security benefits.....	359	4.3	88	88	93	43	38	5	5	-		920	1,107	
Public assistance.....	96	1.2	40	7	7	6	20	16	-	-		916	1,448	
Educational expenses from employer.....	292	3.5	22	33	9	-	7	2	4	-		918	376	
Other sources.....	604	7.3	190	141	72	69	46	45	24	17		1,041	1,480	
University or 4-Year College														
Total.....	4,397	92.8	133	261	356	501	1,090	1,124	531	402		225	3,752	
Personal savings.....	2,000	43.6	811	455	279	126	79	34	13	1		262	742	
Earnings while taking courses.....	1,875	39.9	546	337	218	124	181	161	134	174		437	2,400	
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	537	11.4	36	34	45	26	57	115	97	129		493	5,324	
Parents.....	2,617	55.8	448	503	419	323	471	381	76	16		424	1,680	
College Work-Study Program.....	293	6.2	126	131	24	9	4	-	-	-		478	580	
National Defense Student Loan Program.....	589	8.3	127	146	108	7	2	-	-	-		465	661	
Educational Opportunity Grant Program.....	194	4.1	74	83	24	6	8	-	-	-		473	667	
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program.....	295	6.2	30	85	95	83	19	-	2	-		475	1,124	
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	60	1.2	46	10	2	4	-	-	-	-		483	(B)	
Veterans Administration benefits.....	380	8.0	50	59	38	66	120	46	-	-		441	1,755	
Personal loan.....	184	3.9	43	57	27	40	7	6	4	-		478	1,061	
State scholarship or grant.....	538	11.4	221	166	106	31	13	2	-	-		459	707	
Local scholarship or grant.....	483	10.3	212	131	88	27	20	7	-	-		469	712	
Social Security benefits.....	213	4.5	53	58	51	26	23	-	2	-		481	1,027	
Public assistance.....	36	0.5	13	3	2	-	3	5	-	-		481	(B)	
Educational expenses from employer.....	111	2.3	81	14	9	-	5	-	2	-		478	525	
Other sources.....	375	7.9	127	97	51	50	24	14	9	3		561	1,118	
2-Year College														
Total.....	1,839	91.2	185	203	150	124	237	277	234	429		135	4,892	
Personal savings.....	487	24.1	288	101	52	6	14	15	7	4		189	703	
Earnings while taking courses.....	1,067	52.9	215	130	82	47	96	143	145	207		201	3,930	
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	381	18.6	34	20	15	8	27	72	64	139		232	6,630	
Parents.....	550	27.3	157	135	85	53	64	37	12	7		258	1,308	
College Work-Study Program.....	58	2.8	29	25	2	-	2	2	-	-		235	(B)	
National Defense Student Loan Program.....	31	1.5	16	7	8	-	-	-	-	-		222	(B)	
Educational Opportunity Grant Program.....	54	2.6	32	14	6	-	2	-	-	-		227	(B)	
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program.....	54	2.6	30	9	8	5	2	2	2	-		229	(B)	
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	14	0.7	12	2	-	-	-	-	-	-		223	(B)	
Veterans Administration benefits.....	330	16.3	57	42	41	57	88	39	4	3		212	1,757	
Personal loan.....	45	2.2	13	6	8	10	5	4	-	-		238	(B)	
State scholarship or grant.....	75	3.7	47	26	2	-	-	-	-	-		222	383	
Local scholarship or grant.....	52	2.5	43	5	2	-	-	2	-	-		219	(B)	
Social Security benefits.....	95	4.7	23	15	29	14	11	1	-	-		232	1,085	
Public assistance.....	34	1.6	17	2	2	3	7	3	-	-		227	(B)	
Educational expenses from employer.....	106	5.2	97	10	-	-	-	-	-	-		239	184	
Other sources.....	125	6.1	41	23	14	10	10	15	7	5		265	1,725	
National Schools														
Total.....	1,302	87.6	129	90	99	91	147	218	199	331		133	5,256	
Personal savings.....	305	20.4	149	76	39	11	11	12	6	-		202	806	
Earnings while taking courses.....	686	46.1	118	59	46	27	47	101	129	157		198	4,721	
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	301	20.2	19	10	19	17	17	48	67	103		203	6,185	
Parents.....	295	19.9	76	68	52	25	45	20	6	5		199	1,431	
College Work-Study Program.....	32	2.1	14	11	4	2	-	2	-	-		198	(B)	
National Defense Student Loan Program.....	24	0.5	2	2	4	-	-	-	-	-		202	(B)	
Educational Opportunity Grant Program.....	75	5.0	7	8	2	2	3	1	-	-		199	1,258	
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program.....	75	5.0	10	14	17	22	12	-	-	-		199	1,258	
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	9	0.6	4	4	2	-	-	-	-	-		213	(B)	
Veterans Administration benefits.....	238	16.0	53	40	34	10	50	32	6	4		189	1,701	
Personal loan.....	34	2.2	2	9	9	12	2	-	-	-		206	(B)	
State scholarship or grant.....	36	2.4	22	5	9	-	-	-	-	-		200	(B)	
Local scholarship or grant.....	32	2.1	12	11	-	6	2	2	-	-		206	(B)	
Social Security benefits.....	51	3.4	11	14	12	6	3	3	3	3		206	(B)	
Public assistance.....	36	2.4	11	2	4	3	9	8	-	-		208	(B)	
Educational expenses from employer.....	75	5.0	61	8	-	-	2	2	2	-		202	429	
Other sources.....	105	7.0	23	22	6	9	12	16	8	9		215	2,489	

- Represents zero. B Base less than 75,000.

¹Based on those reporting.

**Table 7. FAMILY INCOME BY SOURCES OF INCOME FOR POSTSECONDARY SCHOOL STUDENTS
16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TYPE OF SCHOOL: OCTOBER 1973**

(Numbers in thousands. Excludes graduate students. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Source of school expense	Family income									
	Total	Under \$4,000	\$4,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$6,000 to \$7,499	\$7,500 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 and over	Not reported
All Schools										
Total.....	8,188	801	300	343	479	867	2,153	1,896	824	525
Students with:										
Personal savings.....	2,791	258	70	79	138	236	700	739	390	181
Earnings while taking courses.....	3,627	331	156	157	221	423	968	820	328	227
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	1,219	91	63	78	96	196	383	202	67	43
Parents.....	3,463	299	76	89	121	228	803	1,022	569	254
College Work-Study Program.....	383	76	22	13	23	44	107	55	13	29
National Defense Student Loan Program.....	428	83	20	39	41	39	106	64	11	26
Educational Opportunity Grant Program.....	272	65	24	30	32	16	55	26	7	17
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program.....	423	61	11	23	36	44	108	93	24	22
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	84	11	12	5	12	13	22	3	2	5
Veterans Administration benefits.....	948	96	40	65	79	160	298	146	16	47
Personal loan.....	263	41	8	7	20	16	65	61	24	23
State scholarship or grant.....	649	84	28	29	49	87	185	117	28	43
Local scholarship or grant.....	569	66	25	20	36	50	142	130	50	49
Social Security benefits.....	359	75	30	45	38	35	63	27	18	29
Public assistance.....	96	40	17	3	7	2	7	9	7	7
Educational expenses from employer.....	292	8	6	11	16	30	111	84	13	10
Other sources.....	604	96	27	33	32	67	166	105	44	33
None ¹	147	25	3	3	12	13	49	29	6	7
Not reported to all parts of this item.....	503	36	18	20	23	46	127	108	65	59
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION										
Total.....	100.0	9.8	3.7	4.2	5.8	10.6	26.3	23.2	10.1	6.4
Students with:										
Personal savings.....	100.0	9.2	2.5	2.8	4.9	8.5	25.1	26.5	14.0	6.5
Earnings while taking courses.....	100.0	9.1	4.3	4.3	6.1	11.7	26.6	22.6	9.0	6.2
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	100.0	7.5	5.2	6.4	7.8	16.1	31.4	16.6	5.5	3.5
Parents.....	100.0	8.6	2.2	2.6	3.5	6.6	23.2	29.5	16.4	7.3
College Work-Study Program.....	100.0	19.8	5.6	3.5	5.9	11.6	28.0	14.3	3.4	7.8
National Defense Student Loan Program.....	100.0	19.4	4.7	0.0	9.3	9.0	24.8	15.0	2.6	6.0
Educational Opportunity Grant Program.....	100.0	23.9	8.7	10.9	12.3	5.9	20.3	9.5	2.3	6.1
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program.....	100.0	14.4	2.7	3.4	8.4	10.4	25.6	22.1	5.7	5.1
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	100.0	13.1	13.8	6.1	13.7	15.9	25.9	3.7	2.3	5.6
Veterans Administration benefits.....	100.0	10.1	4.3	6.9	8.3	16.9	31.4	15.4	1.6	5.0
Personal loan.....	100.0	15.6	2.9	2.8	7.6	6.0	24.5	23.0	9.1	8.7
State scholarship or grant.....	100.0	12.9	4.3	4.4	7.6	13.4	28.5	18.0	4.2	6.6
Local scholarship or grant.....	100.0	11.6	4.5	3.6	6.4	8.8	25.0	22.8	8.8	8.6
Social Security benefits.....	100.0	20.9	8.3	12.6	10.6	9.8	17.5	7.5	5.0	8.1
Public assistance.....	100.0	41.7	18.1	3.5	6.8	1.7	7.7	9.4	3.9	7.3
Educational expenses from employer.....	100.0	2.7	2.1	3.6	5.4	10.5	38.2	28.9	5.2	3.5
Other sources.....	100.0	15.9	4.5	3.5	5.3	11.1	27.5	17.4	7.2	5.5
None ¹	100.0	17.0	2.3	1.8	7.9	8.5	33.6	19.9	4.0	4.8
Not reported to all parts of this item.....	100.0	7.2	3.8	4.0	4.6	9.1	25.2	21.5	12.9	11.7
University or 4-Year College										
Total.....	4,687	413	144	169	253	410	1,128	1,207	626	338
Students with:										
Personal savings.....	2,000	167	40	48	95	152	476	572	316	135
Earnings while taking courses.....	1,875	185	75	80	112	172	431	458	238	123
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	537	51	43	37	54	100	130	70	38	15
Parents.....	2,617	195	50	58	76	149	607	795	482	206
College Work-Study Program.....	293	57	14	10	14	27	92	48	10	22
National Defense Student Loan Program.....	389	72	18	33	36	37	98	61	11	24
Educational Opportunity Grant Program.....	194	39	17	23	25	14	43	20	4	8
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program.....	295	30	9	18	23	27	72	77	19	18
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	60	7	10	5	10	12	11	3	-	3
Veterans Administration benefits.....	380	37	19	34	38	66	99	55	12	20
Personal loan.....	184	26	4	6	13	10	41	52	16	17
State scholarship or grant.....	538	76	23	23	40	66	153	98	24	36
Local scholarship or grant.....	485	42	20	15	33	41	132	116	40	45
Social Security benefits.....	213	50	16	23	20	13	37	18	16	19
Public assistance.....	26	7	4	-	5	-	9	-	-	2
Educational expenses from employer.....	111	4	-	-	4	-	34	46	7	5
Other sources.....	375	54	17	23	17	44	97	69	2	22
None ¹	55	4	-	3	2	7	15	16	3	5
Not reported to all parts of this item.....	235	11	4	3	14	13	55	64	39	32

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 7. FAMILY INCOME BY SOURCES OF INCOME FOR POSTSECONDARY SCHOOL STUDENTS
16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TYPE OF SCHOOL: OCTOBER 1973—Continued**

(Numbers in thousands. Excludes graduate students. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Source of school expense	Family income									
	Total	Under \$4,000	\$4,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$5,999	\$6,000 to \$7,499	\$7,500 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 and over	Not reported
University or 4-Year College--Continued										
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION										
Total.....	100.0	8.8	3.1	3.6	3.4	8.8	24.1	25.7	13.4	7.2
Students with:										
Personal savings.....	100.0	8.4	2.0	2.4	4.7	7.6	23.8	28.6	13.8	6.8
Earnings while taking courses.....	100.0	9.9	4.0	4.3	6.0	9.2	23.0	24.3	12.7	6.6
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	100.0	9.5	8.0	6.9	10.1	18.6	24.2	13.0	7.0	2.8
Parents.....	100.0	7.5	1.9	2.2	2.9	5.7	23.2	30.4	18.4	7.9
College Work-Study Program.....	100.0	19.5	4.8	3.3	4.8	9.3	31.3	16.2	3.2	7.4
National Defense Student Loan Program.....	100.0	18.3	4.7	8.3	9.1	9.4	25.1	13.6	2.8	6.1
Educational Opportunity Grant Program.....	100.0	30.1	8.8	11.8	12.8	7.2	22.2	10.4	2.0	4.1
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program.....	100.0	10.2	3.1	6.0	8.0	9.0	24.3	26.3	6.3	6.2
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Veterans Administration benefits.....	100.0	9.7	5.0	8.9	9.9	17.4	26.2	14.3	3.1	5.2
Personal loan.....	100.0	14.1	2.1	3.1	7.0	5.4	22.2	28.0	8.4	9.2
State scholarship or grant.....	100.0	14.1	4.2	4.2	7.4	12.3	28.4	18.3	4.3	6.7
Local scholarship or grant.....	100.0	8.7	4.1	3.2	6.9	8.4	27.2	23.9	8.2	9.3
Social Security benefits.....	100.0	23.5	7.6	10.6	9.5	5.9	17.4	8.6	7.7	9.1
Public assistance.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Educational expenses from employer.....	100.0	34.6	-	3.3	3.3	8.0	30.5	41.6	6.1	4.3
Other sources.....	100.0	14.4	4.4	6.1	4.6	11.7	25.9	18.3	8.9	3.8
None.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Not reported to all parts of this item.....	100.0	4.7	1.7	1.3	6.0	3.3	23.4	27.2	16.6	13.6
2-Year College										
Total.....	2,015	145	82	97	133	229	605	448	151	125
Students with:										
Personal savings.....	487	27	17	22	23	56	130	114	62	33
Earnings while taking courses.....	1,067	39	47	26	64	131	344	243	72	71
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	381	6	11	12	32	42	153	80	26	18
Parents.....	550	32	16	26	24	51	123	169	72	39
College Work-Study Program.....	58	13	4	-	7	11	9	4	3	8
National Defense Student Loan Program.....	31	7	2	6	3	2	8	4	-	-
Educational Opportunity Grant Program.....	54	20	4	2	5	-	10	6	3	6
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program.....	54	12	-	3	8	10	12	4	2	3
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	14	3	2	-	2	-	7	-	-	2
Veterans Administration benefits.....	330	21	10	19	30	43	122	65	2	17
Personal loan.....	45	4	2	2	5	4	11	5	8	4
State scholarship or grant.....	73	2	2	6	6	14	20	18	2	5
Local scholarship or grant.....	52	4	4	3	3	9	9	9	10	2
Social Security benefits.....	95	13	8	23	5	13	17	5	2	10
Public assistance.....	34	17	3	3	2	2	3	-	4	-
Educational expenses from employer.....	106	-	4	3	9	11	46	24	5	3
Other sources.....	125	23	7	4	3	8	42	19	10	9
None.....	41	8	-	-	3	4	18	6	-	2
Not reported to all parts of this item.....	135	8	8	9	3	14	40	25	12	17
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION										
Total.....	100.0	7.2	4.1	4.8	6.6	11.4	30.0	22.2	7.5	6.2
Students with:										
Personal savings.....	100.0	3.3	3.5	4.5	5.2	11.6	26.8	23.4	12.7	6.9
Earnings while taking courses.....	100.0	3.5	4.4	3.3	6.0	12.2	32.3	22.8	6.7	6.6
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	100.0	2.1	2.9	3.2	8.3	10.9	40.2	21.0	6.8	4.6
Parents.....	100.0	5.8	2.8	4.7	4.4	9.2	22.3	30.8	13.1	7.0
College Work-Study Program.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
National Defense Student Loan Program.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Educational Opportunity Grant Program.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Veterans Administration benefits.....	100.0	6.4	3.1	5.6	9.2	12.9	37.0	19.7	0.6	3.2
Personal loan.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
State scholarship or grant.....	100.0	2.7	2.1	7.8	8.6	18.3	27.1	24.5	2.3	6.9
Local scholarship or grant.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Social Security benefits.....	100.0	13.7	8.7	23.8	5.8	14.0	17.6	5.0	1.8	10.2
Public assistance.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Educational expenses from employer.....	100.0	-	4.1	3.3	8.1	10.3	43.6	22.6	4.8	3.2
Other sources.....	100.0	18.4	6.0	3.1	2.6	6.7	33.7	13.0	7.8	7.4
None.....	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)	(B)
Not reported to all parts of this item.....	100.0	5.9	5.9	6.7	2.2	10.4	29.6	18.5	8.9	12.6

See footnotes at end of table.

**Table 7. FAMILY INCOME BY SOURCES OF INCOME FOR POSTSECONDARY SCHOOL STUDENTS
16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY TYPE OF SCHOOL: OCTOBER 1973—Continued**

(Numbers in thousands. Excludes graduate students. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Source of school expense	Family income									
	Total	Under \$4,000	\$4,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$5,999	\$6,000 to \$7,499	\$7,500 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 and over	Not reported
Vocational Schools										
Total.....	1,486	244	74	77	93	228	420	241	46	63
Students with:										
Personal savings.....	303	63	13	9	18	28	93	53	12	12
Earnings while taking courses.....	686	86	34	41	44	121	190	119	16	33
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	301	34	9	29	9	54	100	52	4	10
Parents.....	298	74	10	6	21	28	75	38	15	9
College Work-Study Program.....	32	8	4	3	2	6	7	3	-	-
National Defense Student Loan Program....	8	4	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	2
Educational Opportunity Grant Program....	24	6	2	3	4	2	2	-	-	3
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program..	75	20	2	2	4	7	25	12	4	-
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	9	2	-	-	-	2	4	-	2	-
Veterans Administration benefits.....	238	37	11	13	11	52	76	26	2	10
Personal loan.....	34	11	2	-	2	2	12	4	-	2
State scholarship or grant.....	36	7	4	-	3	7	12	-	2	2
Local scholarship or grant.....	32	19	2	1	-	9	2	3	-	2
Social Security benefits.....	51	13	5	-	12	9	9	4	-	-
Public assistance.....	36	16	10	-	-	4	-	-	-	6
Educational expenses from employer.....	75	4	2	3	4	11	31	14	3	2
Other sources.....	103	21	3	7	12	15	27	17	2	2
None ¹	51	14	3	-	6	2	16	7	3	-
Not reported to all parts of this item.....	132	19	8	7	6	19	32	19	14	10
PERCENT DISTRIBUTION										
Total.....	100.0	16.4	5.0	5.2	6.3	15.3	28.3	16.2	3.1	4.2
Students with:										
Personal savings.....	100.0	21.3	4.3	3.0	3.9	9.2	30.3	17.4	3.9	3.9
Earnings while taking courses.....	100.0	12.5	5.0	6.0	6.4	17.6	27.7	17.3	2.3	4.8
Spouse's earnings or savings.....	100.0	11.3	3.0	9.6	3.0	17.9	33.2	17.3	1.3	3.3
Parents.....	100.0	25.0	3.4	2.0	7.1	9.5	25.3	19.6	5.1	3.0
College Work-Study Program.....	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)
National Defense Student Loan Program....	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)
Educational Opportunity Grant Program....	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)
Federal Guaranteed Student Loan Program..	100.0	26.7	2.7	2.7	3.3	9.3	33.3	16.0	3.3	-
Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.....	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)
Veterans Administration benefits.....	100.0	15.5	4.6	5.5	4.6	21.8	31.9	10.9	0.8	4.2
Personal loan.....	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)
State scholarship or grant.....	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)
Local scholarship or grant.....	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)
Social Security benefits.....	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)
Public assistance.....	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)
Educational expenses from employer.....	100.0	5.3	2.7	4.0	3.3	14.7	41.3	18.7	4.0	2.7
Other sources.....	100.0	20.0	2.9	6.7	11.4	14.3	25.7	16.2	1.9	1.9
None ¹	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)	B)
Not reported to all parts of this item.....	100.0	14.4	6.1	5.3	4.5	14.4	24.2	14.4	10.6	7.6

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.

B Base less than 75,000.

¹Students who indicated that they received income from none of the sources listed above between July 1973 and June 1974.

Table 8. EXPECTED EARNINGS BETWEEN JULY 1973 AND JUNE 1974 OF POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE, YEAR IN WHICH ENROLLED AND SEX: OCTOBER 1973

(Numbers in thousands. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Sex, year in which enrolled and financial independence ¹	Expected earnings											
	Total	None	\$1 to \$499	\$500 to \$999	\$1,000 to \$1,499	\$1,500 to \$1,999	\$2,000 to \$2,999	\$3,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$7,999	\$8,000 and over	Not reported	Median ² (dollars)
ALL STUDENTS³												
Both sexes.....	9,667	1,799	586	1,017	766	464	744	902	964	1,897	537	1,932
Dependent.....	5,707	1,175	497	858	628	385	577	575	421	332	261	1,154
Independent.....	3,395	527	44	102	81	52	127	278	502	1,532	150	7,459
Not reported.....	572	97	46	57	57	27	40	49	41	34	125	1,206
Male.....	5,352	845	227	456	422	261	446	581	568	1,475	269	3,291
Dependent.....	3,051	473	178	389	363	227	367	400	283	248	124	1,633
Independent.....	2,004	131	24	39	25	26	56	154	262	1,205	83	8,808
Not reported.....	297	41	26	29	34	9	24	25	24	23	62	1,316
Female.....	4,322	1,154	358	560	344	203	297	321	396	421	267	960
Dependent.....	2,656	702	319	469	65	159	210	174	137	84	137	754
Independent.....	1,390	396	20	63	56	26	71	124	240	329	67	3,476
Not reported.....	275	56	20	28	23	19	16	23	17	11	63	1,043
All College Students³												
Both sexes.....	8,188	1,472	541	947	697	434	671	781	729	1,505	410	1,767
Dependent.....	5,097	1,009	461	807	581	366	530	510	344	274	216	1,141
Independent.....	2,612	387	36	85	63	45	106	227	354	1,208	99	7,589
Not reported.....	479	76	44	55	51	24	36	43	32	23	95	1,167
Male.....	4,511	558	215	432	398	245	412	521	413	1,118	199	2,748
Dependent.....	2,757	432	171	371	345	212	338	362	225	196	106	1,515
Independent.....	1,503	93	20	33	21	24	51	136	172	907	47	8,785
Not reported.....	251	34	24	29	32	9	24	24	16	15	46	1,242
Female.....	3,677	914	326	515	299	190	259	259	316	388	212	978
Dependent.....	2,340	577	290	436	237	154	192	148	118	78	111	784
Independent.....	1,109	294	16	53	43	21	55	91	182	301	52	4,022
Not reported.....	228	43	20	26	19	15	13	20	16	9	49	1,013
First year of college												
Both sexes.....	2,073	498	195	314	189	104	162	152	167	174	118	953
Dependent.....	1,512	367	177	283	159	96	130	107	74	31	88	797
Independent.....	429	103	5	16	14	3	20	33	87	141	7	5,586
Not reported.....	132	28	13	15	16	5	12	13	4	2	24	933
Male.....	1,034	168	80	166	115	62	80	90	78	146	50	1,339
Dependent.....	781	137	71	156	103	57	74	64	45	28	46	1,017
Independent.....	188	19	2	2	-	2	2	14	31	118	-	8,746
Not reported.....	66	11	8	8	12	3	5	11	2	2	3	(8)
Female.....	1,033	330	115	148	74	42	82	62	89	28	69	633
Dependent.....	731	230	106	127	57	39	56	43	29	4	42	533
Independent.....	241	83	3	14	14	2	19	18	57	24	7	2,053
Not reported.....	66	16	5	7	4	2	7	2	3	-	21	(8)
Second year of college												
Both sexes.....	1,736	302	146	221	185	120	153	155	131	232	91	1,415
Dependent.....	1,204	219	122	191	150	103	134	124	72	43	46	1,157
Independent.....	425	72	10	13	21	14	12	23	53	184	23	7,038
Not reported.....	107	11	14	17	14	3	7	6	7	4	22	1,018
Male.....	971	119	58	89	95	59	103	117	73	212	48	2,403
Dependent.....	655	104	41	73	80	52	93	102	52	36	23	1,673
Independent.....	246	11	7	4	7	5	4	12	14	171	13	9,228
Not reported.....	69	4	11	13	8	2	6	4	7	4	12	(8)
Female.....	766	183	88	132	90	61	51	38	59	20	44	841
Dependent.....	549	115	82	118	69	52	41	24	20	7	23	780
Independent.....	179	61	3	10	14	8	9	11	40	14	10	1,375
Not reported.....	38	7	3	4	6	2	1	4	-	-	10	(8)
Third year of college												
Both sexes.....	1,430	243	108	181	177	100	137	135	108	182	60	1,432
Dependent.....	997	167	93	164	134	87	104	94	68	35	29	1,224
Independent.....	330	57	1	8	9	3	21	34	37	146	13	7,068
Not reported.....	104	19	13	9	14	9	12	7	3	-	18	1,071
Male.....	805	100	33	72	110	58	97	91	70	147	25	2,175
Dependent.....	546	81	28	66	96	54	72	68	48	25	9	1,487
Independent.....	212	12	-	3	5	2	17	21	22	122	6	8,689
Not reported.....	48	7	5	3	9	2	8	4	-	-	10	(8)
Female.....	625	143	75	109	67	42	40	43	37	36	35	853
Dependent.....	451	86	65	98	58	34	33	26	20	12	20	829
Independent.....	118	45	1	5	3	2	3	13	15	25	6	2,000
Not reported.....	56	12	8	5	5	7	4	4	3	-	8	(8)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 8. EXPECTED EARNINGS BETWEEN JULY 1973 AND JUNE 1974 OF POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY FINANCIAL INDEPENDENCE, YEAR IN WHICH ENROLLED AND SEX: OCTOBER 1973—Continued

(Numbers in thousands. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Sex, year in which enrolled and financial independence ¹	Expected earnings											
	Total	None	\$1 to \$499	\$500 to \$999	\$1,000 to \$1,499	\$1,500 to \$1,999	\$2,000 to \$2,999	\$3,000 to \$4,999	\$5,000 to \$7,999	\$8,000 and over	Not reported	Median ² (dollars)
Fourth year of college												
Both sexes.....	1,668	214	64	171	96	78	121	121	90	152	60	1,558
Dependent.....	784	160	53	125	84	64	105	87	47	33	27	1,241
Independent.....	317	45	7	32	10	9	13	27	38	119	18	9,513
Not reported.....	66	9	4	14	2	5	3	8	6	2	15	(8)
Male.....	658	82	30	75	50	48	79	76	71	125	22	2,418
Dependent.....	417	59	26	52	45	40	71	57	38	22	8	1,781
Independent.....	204	14	4	18	5	7	5	17	30	100	3	8,020
Not reported.....	37	9	-	5	-	2	3	2	4	2	10	(8)
Female.....	510	132	34	96	46	30	42	45	19	27	38	865
Dependent.....	367	101	27	74	39	24	34	30	8	11	19	811
Independent.....	113	31	3	14	5	2	8	10	9	19	15	1,100
Not reported.....	29	-	4	9	2	4	-	6	2	-	4	(8)
Fifth year or more of college												
Both sexes.....	1,486	175	16	49	32	26	90	192	183	661	63	7,156
Dependent.....	496	81	6	33	22	11	50	87	64	121	22	3,782
Independent.....	929	88	10	16	9	13	38	97	107	527	25	8,562
Not reported.....	61	6	-	-	-	2	2	9	13	13	16	(8)
Male.....	896	83	8	29	18	11	54	139	97	414	42	7,629
Dependent.....	311	46	2	23	14	5	29	67	34	77	17	3,836
Independent.....	557	35	7	6	4	6	23	70	61	333	14	8,715
Not reported.....	28	2	-	-	-	-	2	4	4	8	10	(8)
Female.....	590	92	8	20	14	14	36	53	86	246	21	6,657
Dependent.....	185	35	5	9	9	5	22	20	31	44	5	3,500
Independent.....	373	53	3	10	5	7	15	27	46	195	11	8,308
Not reported.....	33	4	-	-	-	2	-	6	9	7	5	(8)
Vocational Students												
Both sexes.....	1,486	327	45	70	69	30	72	121	235	391	126	4,107
Dependent.....	610	166	36	51	47	20	48	65	77	57	45	1,314
Independent.....	783	140	7	17	16	7	21	51	148	324	51	7,169
Not reported.....	93	21	2	2	6	3	4	5	9	11	31	1,500
Male.....	841	86	13	24	24	16	34	60	56	359	70	7,471
Dependent.....	294	41	7	18	18	15	29	39	38	51	18	3,513
Independent.....	501	38	4	6	3	2	5	19	80	298	36	8,879
Not reported.....	46	8	2	-	2	-	-	2	8	10	16	(8)
Female.....	645	241	33	45	45	14	38	61	79	34	56	728
Dependent.....	316	125	29	33	28	5	18	26	19	6	26	445
Independent.....	282	102	4	10	13	5	16	33	58	26	15	1,950
Not reported.....	47	13	-	2	4	3	4	3	1	2	15	(8)

- Represents zero.

¹ Base less than \$5,000.

² The definition of financial independence used in this table corresponds to the Basic Educational Opportunity Grant's Program definition. See definitions section for explanation.

³ Based on those reporting.

⁴ Total includes 295,000 college students who did not report year of college.

Table 9. EXPECTED EARNINGS BETWEEN JULY 1973 AND JUNE 1974 OF POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY SEX, AGE, AND TYPE OF SCHOOL: OCTOBER 1973

(Numbers in thousands, civilian noninstitutional population)

Earnings and age	Both sexes					Male					Female				
	All students	University	4-year college	2-year college	Vocational school	All students	University	4-year college	2-year college	Vocational school	All students	University	4-year college	2-year college	Vocational school
ALL AGES															
Number of persons.....	9,667	4,375	1,715	2,075	1,502	5,347	2,495	889	1,115	847	4,320	1,881	825	960	655
Number reporting earnings..	7,338	3,408	1,293	1,591	1,046	4,438	2,082	718	948	689	2,800	1,327	574	643	357
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499.....	8.0	8.8	12.5	5.0	4.3	5.1	5.9	8.9	3.1	1.9	12.3	13.3	17.1	7.9	9.2
\$500 to \$999.....	13.9	15.3	19.6	10.7	6.7	10.3	11.7	16.3	7.5	3.5	19.3	21.0	23.7	15.6	12.6
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	10.4	11.0	13.9	8.9	6.6	9.5	10.8	13.1	8.2	3.5	11.9	11.2	15.0	10.0	12.6
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	6.3	7.5	7.7	5.1	2.9	5.9	7.4	7.1	4.0	2.3	7.0	7.4	8.5	6.5	3.9
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	10.1	11.6	8.9	10.0	7.3	10.0	12.9	9.5	7.9	5.2	10.2	9.5	8.4	13.1	11.2
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	7.2	7.9	6.3	7.4	5.7	7.7	9.4	7.0	7.2	2.9	6.4	5.6	5.2	7.5	9.2
\$4,000 to \$4,999.....	5.1	4.9	3.0	6.8	5.8	5.4	5.9	4.3	5.7	4.8	4.7	3.2	1.4	8.4	7.8
\$5,000 to \$6,999.....	9.1	6.9	5.7	12.4	15.1	8.5	7.1	6.6	8.8	14.4	10.0	6.5	4.7	18.0	16.5
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	10.7	8.6	9.2	11.4	17.9	11.2	7.1	10.6	14.0	21.0	9.7	11.2	7.6	7.3	11.8
\$10,000 and over.....	19.2	17.5	13.1	22.3	27.9	26.3	21.8	16.8	33.7	39.9	8.4	10.8	8.6	5.8	5.0
Not reported.....	471	167	85	106	113	230	87	43	38	62	241	80	42	68	51
UNDER 22 YEARS															
Number of persons.....	4,968	2,317	1,091	1,012	548	2,489	1,214	537	511	228	2,479	1,103	555	501	320
Number reporting earnings..	3,673	1,742	826	761	343	2,003	983	440	409	173	1,668	759	386	352	171
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
\$1 to \$499.....	13.9	15.3	18.4	8.0	9.6	9.2	10.1	13.2	4.6	5.2	19.6	22.0	24.4	12.2	14.0
\$500 to \$999.....	22.7	24.0	28.0	17.3	14.9	18.8	19.1	24.8	15.4	9.2	27.4	30.3	31.6	19.9	20.5
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	16.9	17.6	18.8	15.0	12.8	17.8	18.6	19.3	17.8	8.7	13.8	16.3	18.1	11.6	16.4
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	10.1	11.1	10.0	9.3	6.7	10.4	11.6	9.5	9.3	8.7	9.8	10.5	10.6	9.4	5.5
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	14.3	15.0	10.8	16.4	14.6	16.0	18.0	13.4	14.4	15.0	12.4	11.2	7.8	18.8	14.0
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	7.2	7.2	6.2	8.3	6.7	8.9	10.1	6.4	10.3	6.4	5.1	3.6	6.2	6.3	7.0
\$4,000 to \$4,999.....	4.9	3.6	2.1	8.9	9.3	5.8	4.6	3.4	9.3	10.4	3.8	2.2	0.5	8.5	7.6
\$5,000 to \$6,999.....	5.7	3.3	3.3	10.8	12.0	6.9	4.1	5.9	15.5	15.6	4.2	2.1	0.5	10.5	8.2
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	2.9	2.0	1.6	3.4	9.6	4.1	2.7	2.5	4.6	15.1	1.4	1.1	0.5	2.3	4.1
\$10,000 and over.....	1.4	0.8	0.8	2.1	4.1	1.8	0.9	1.6	3.2	5.8	0.7	0.7	-	0.9	2.4
Not reported.....	234	83	53	57	41	99	38	24	22	14	136	44	30	35	27
22 TO 24 YEARS															
Number of persons.....	1,471	784	236	232	218	910	481	143	148	138	561	303	93	85	80
Number with earnings.....	1,129	620	161	178	168	718	386	91	123	118	409	234	70	56	49
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(b)	(b)	(b)
\$1 to \$499.....	2.7	3.1	1.2	1.7	4.2	2.5	3.1	2.2	1.6	1.7	3.2	2.6	(b)	(b)	(b)
\$500 to \$999.....	8.7	10.3	10.6	5.6	3.6	6.4	8.3	5.5	5.7	2.5	12.7	13.7	(b)	(b)	(b)
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	6.6	6.9	6.8	5.1	7.1	6.4	8.5	6.6	2.4	3.4	7.1	4.3	(b)	(b)	(b)
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	4.0	4.7	9.3	0.6	-	3.5	4.7	7.7	-	-	4.9	4.7	(b)	(b)	(b)
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	10.6	12.9	9.9	7.9	6.0	11.7	15.5	7.7	8.1	5.9	8.8	8.5	(b)	(b)	(b)
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	11.2	12.6	10.6	10.7	7.7	11.1	12.2	15.4	9.8	5.9	11.5	13.2	(b)	(b)	(b)
\$4,000 to \$4,999.....	8.5	8.4	7.5	10.1	7.7	9.7	9.8	13.2	9.8	6.8	6.4	6.4	(b)	(b)	(b)
\$5,000 to \$6,999.....	15.4	13.9	13.1	17.4	22.0	13.7	13.5	9.9	11.4	19.5	18.0	14.1	(b)	(b)	(b)
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	18.7	15.9	23.0	22.5	21.4	18.9	13.3	25.3	26.0	27.2	18.3	20.5	(b)	(b)	(b)
\$10,000 and over.....	13.3	11.4	8.0	18.0	20.3	15.8	11.4	7.7	24.4	27.0	9.1	11.5	(b)	(b)	(b)
Not reported.....	63	35	11	7	11	34	19	9	4	2	30	16	2	3	9
25 TO 29 YEARS															
Number of persons.....	1,417	644	184	321	268	985	454	118	197	196	451	189	66	124	72
Number with earnings.....	1,148	538	147	263	200	871	404	105	182	160	296	133	41	82	40
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(b)	100.0	(b)
\$1 to \$499.....	1.9	1.9	1.4	1.9	3.0	2.0	2.0	1.9	2.7	1.3	1.7	1.5	(b)	-	(b)
\$500 to \$999.....	3.6	4.8	3.4	3.4	1.0	3.1	5.0	2.9	1.1	1.3	4.7	4.5	(b)	8.5	(b)
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	2.8	1.3	2.7	4.9	4.5	1.3	0.5	3.8	1.1	2.5	7.1	3.8	(b)	13.4	(b)
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	2.5	4.1	1.4	1.1	1.0	2.5	4.7	1.9	-	1.3	2.4	3.0	(b)	3.7	(b)
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	4.1	6.3	3.4	2.7	-	3.0	5.7	1.9	1.1	-	6.8	9.0	(b)	6.1	(b)
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	6.4	7.1	4.8	7.2	5.0	6.1	6.7	6.7	6.6	4.4	7.1	8.3	(b)	8.5	(b)
\$4,000 to \$4,999.....	4.4	7.1	1.4	3.0	1.5	4.4	8.2	-	2.2	1.3	4.4	3.8	(b)	6.1	(b)
\$5,000 to \$6,999.....	13.0	10.6	10.2	14.8	18.5	9.3	9.2	8.6	4.9	15.6	23.3	15.1	(b)	36.6	(b)
\$7,000 to \$9,999.....	20.6	14.3	34.0	19.8	29.5	18.9	10.9	29.5	23.6	29.4	24.6	24.8	(b)	11.0	(b)
\$10,000 and over.....	40.4	42.4	36.7	41.1	37.0	47.3	47.5	43.8	56.6	43.8	17.2	26.4	(b)	6.1	(b)
Not reported.....	70	23	8	14	25	51	19	5	5	22	19	4	4	8	3

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 9. EXPECTED EARNINGS BETWEEN JULY 1973 AND JUNE 1974 OF POSTSECONDARY STUDENTS 16 YEARS OLD AND OVER BY SEX, AGE, AND TYPE OF SCHOOL: OCTOBER 1973—Continued

(Numbers in thousands. Civilian noninstitutional population)

Earnings and age	Both sexes					Male					Female				
	All students	University	4-year college	2-year college	Vocational school	All students	University	4-year college	2-year college	Vocational school	All students	University	4-year college	2-year college	Vocational school
30 TO 34 YEARS															
Number of persons.....	669	388	59	186	135	396	178	39	98	81	273	110	20	88	54
Number with earnings.....	528	338	45	143	100	349	156	33	91	70	178	82	13	52	29
Total.....	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	(B)	(B)	(B)
\$1 to \$499.....	0.9	-	(B)	3.5	-	-	-	(B)	-	(B)	2.8	-	(B)	(B)	(B)
\$500 to \$999.....	5.6	2.1	(B)	5.6	5.0	1.1	1.3	(B)	-	(B)	8.4	3.7	(B)	(B)	(B)
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	4.2	5.0	(B)	2.1	3.0	1.4	3.2	(B)	-	(B)	9.6	8.5	(B)	(B)	(B)
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	0.4	0.8	(B)	-	-	0.6	1.3	(B)	-	(B)	-	-	(B)	(B)	(B)
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	3.6	3.8	(B)	5.6	2.0	1.7	3.2	(B)	1.1	(B)	7.3	6.1	(B)	(B)	(B)
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	3.2	4.2	(B)	-	4.0	2.0	2.6	(B)	-	(B)	5.1	4.9	(B)	(B)	(B)
\$4,000 to \$4,999.....	4.4	3.8	(B)	6.3	2.0	2.3	3.8	(B)	-	(B)	9.0	6.1	(B)	(B)	(B)
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	6.4	5.9	(B)	6.3	9.0	6.6	7.7	(B)	6.6	(B)	5.6	2.4	(B)	(B)	(B)
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	16.8	15.0	(B)	15.4	22.0	15.8	12.2	(B)	12.1	(B)	18.6	19.5	(B)	(B)	(B)
\$7,000 to \$7,999.....	36.9	60.1	(B)	56.0	53.0	68.7	64.7	(B)	79.2	(B)	33.2	50.0	(B)	(B)	(B)
\$8,000 and over.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not reported.....	42	12	2	16	12	24	7	2	4	11	19	5	-	12	2
35 YEARS AND OVER															
Number of persons.....	1,143	343	145	323	322	587	167	53	162	205	556	175	92	161	128
Number with earnings.....	863	271	114	244	233	515	152	50	145	169	348	118	64	99	66
Total.....	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	(B)	100.0	(B)
\$1 to \$499.....	1.9	1.8	5.3	2.0	-	1.6	2.0	(B)	2.1	-	2.3	0.8	(B)	2.0	(B)
\$500 to \$999.....	3.1	3.7	-	4.9	2.1	0.8	1.3	(B)	-	1.2	6.6	6.8	(B)	12.1	(B)
\$1,000 to \$1,499.....	1.9	2.2	6.1	1.2	-	0.6	2.0	(B)	-	-	3.7	2.5	(B)	3.0	(B)
\$1,500 to \$1,999.....	2.0	2.6	-	2.0	2.1	0.6	2.0	(B)	-	-	3.7	2.5	(B)	5.1	(B)
\$2,000 to \$2,999.....	3.6	3.0	4.4	2.0	5.6	1.7	3.6	(B)	-	1.4	1.8	6.6	4.2	(B)	3.0
\$3,000 to \$3,999.....	5.2	6.6	0.9	6.6	4.3	3.9	10.5	(B)	1.4	1.2	7.2	1.7	(B)	14.1	(B)
\$4,000 to \$4,999.....	2.9	1.8	4.4	2.0	4.7	1.7	2.6	(B)	-	3.0	4.9	0.8	(B)	5.1	(B)
\$5,000 to \$5,999.....	11.5	8.2	7.0	14.4	15.1	6.8	3.3	(B)	4.9	11.9	19.0	13.6	(B)	29.3	(B)
\$6,000 to \$6,999.....	15.8	17.4	9.7	16.0	16.7	11.6	3.3	(B)	19.2	14.8	21.8	36.4	(B)	12.1	(B)
\$7,000 to \$7,999.....	52.1	52.7	63.2	49.2	50.2	70.9	70.3	(B)	71.1	65.7	24.4	30.5	(B)	16.2	(B)
\$8,000 and over.....	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Not reported.....	61	14	10	13	24	23	3	3	3	13	38	11	7	10	10

- Represents zero or rounds to zero.
B Base less than 75,000.

APPENDIX

**Survey of Post-Secondary
School Enrollment 1973**

FORM CP5-621.
(8-30-73)U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS ADMIN.
BUREAU OF THE CENSUSSURVEY OF POST-SECONDARY
SCHOOL ENROLLMENT
1973

NOTICE - All information which would permit identification of the individual will be held in strict confidence, and will be used by persons engaged in and for the purposes of the survey. The information will not be disclosed or released to others for any purposes.

Dear

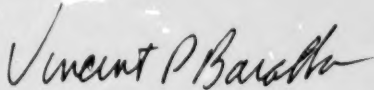
The Office of Education of the U.S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare has asked the Bureau of the Census to obtain information from persons currently enrolled in college or taking any business, technical, or vocational courses. The information gathered in this study will be of great value in helping students plan the financing of their education. Data obtained will also aid government and private agencies in planning educational financial assistance programs.

Please complete the questions inside this form within FIVE DAYS and return it in the enclosed preaddressed envelope. Since this study is based on a scientific sample of the total population, it is important that each person return a completed questionnaire.

The Bureau of the Census treats as confidential all the information you provide. The results of this voluntary survey will be issued only in the form of statistical totals from which no individual can be identified.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,



VINCENT P. BARABBA
Director
Bureau of the Census

Enclosure

CENSUS USE ONLY

a. Interviewer code	b. CC 6	c. CC 13	d. CC 18	e. CC 20	f. CC 21	g. At sample address	h. FE	i. NR
				1 ☐	1 ☐	1 ☐ YES		
				2 ☐	2 ☐	2 ☐ NO		
				3 ☐				

**Please
read
carefully**

1. Please answer each question carefully. If you do not have the exact information, make the best estimate you can.
2. Some questions will have instructions telling when you may SKIP to another question. Follow these instructions carefully so that you will answer only the questions that apply to you.
3. If you are attending more than one educational institution, respond only for one school.

Section A – ALL PERSONS (Fill pages 2 through 6)

1. Are you attending or enrolled in college?

(110)

- 1 ☐ Yes – SKIP to question 3
2 ☐ No

2. Are you taking any business, vocational, or technical courses at any school?

(111)

- 1 ☐ Yes
2 ☐ No – If you have answered "No" to both questions 1 and 2, SKIP to question 21a on page 5

3. Did you complete high school by graduating from a regular high school or by taking a high school equivalency test?

(112)

- 1 ☐ Yes, regular high school graduation
2 ☐ Yes, took a high school equivalency test
3 ☐ No, I have not completed high school – SKIP to question 5

4. In what month and year did you receive your high school diploma or certificate?

(113)

_____ Month _____ Year

5. Mark the one type of school at which you are currently enrolled.

(114)

- 1 ☐ Mark here if you are taking courses at more than one type of school, and respond in terms of your primary choice.

(115)

- 1 ☐ University
2 ☐ Four-year college
3 ☐ Two-year community or junior college
4 ☐ Business or commercial school
5 ☐ Technical, vocational, or trade school
6 ☐ Flight school
7 ☐ Correspondence school
8 ☐ Hospital school
9 ☐ Beauty or barber school
10 ☐ Company training school
11 ☐ Other school – Specify _____

6. With whom do you live while you are attending school? (Mark one)

(116)

- 1 ☐ By myself
2 ☐ Parents
3 ☐ Husband, wife, or own children
4 ☐ Other relative(s)
5 ☐ Person(s) not related to you

7. How would you describe your current living quarters?

(117)

- 1 ☐ Private house or apartment
2 ☐ Dormitory or apartment operated by the school or college
3 ☐ Fraternity or sorority house
4 ☐ Rooming or boarding house
5 ☐ Other – Specify _____

8. Do you consider yourself to be financially independent of your parents?

(118)

- 1 ☐ Yes
2 ☐ No

9. Do you have dependent children?

(119)

- 1 ☐ No

(120)

- 2 ☐ Yes – How many? 2

10. Did you attend a college, university, post high school vocational or technical school anytime before July 1, 1973? (121) ☐ 1 Yes ☐ 2 No	
11a. Did you live with your parents or guardians for any period of more than 2 consecutive weeks (except for brief holiday periods) during 1972? (122) ☐ 1 Yes ☐ 2 No	
b. Did you or do you expect to during 1973? (123) ☐ 1 Yes ☐ 2 No	
c. Do you expect to during 1974? (124) ☐ 1 Yes ☐ 2 No	
12a. Were you listed as an exemption on your parents' or guardians' federal income tax return(s) for 1972? (125) ☐ 1 Yes ☐ 2 No	
b. Were you or do you expect to be for 1973? (126) ☐ 1 Yes ☐ 2 No	
c. Do you expect to be for 1974? (127) ☐ 1 Yes ☐ 2 No	
13a. Did you receive \$600 or more in financial assistance from your parents or guardians during 1972? (128) ☐ 1 Yes ☐ 2 No	
b. Did you or do you expect it during 1973? (129) ☐ 1 Yes ☐ 2 No	
c. Do you expect it during 1974? (130) ☐ 1 Yes ☐ 2 No	
14. Approximately how much do you expect to earn between July 1973 and June 1974 in - a. Wages and/or salary income before deductions? (131)	Dollars only \$. 00
b. Net self-employment income? (132)	\$. 00
(133) OR (Mark (X) box if none) ☐ None	
15. What do you expect YOUR total educational expenses to be between July 1973 and June 1974, regardless of who pays them? If your spouse or other dependents are attending college, or a business, vocational, or technical school, DO NOT include their educational expenses here.	
a. Tuition and fees (134)	Dollars only \$. 00
b. Books and supplies (135)	\$. 00
c. Transportation to and from class (136)	\$. 00
(137) OR (Mark (X) box if none) ☐ None	

16. What do you expect your living expenses to be, INCLUDING those of your wife or husband and dependents, between July 1973 and June 1974?

Include such expenses as dormitory fees, rent or mortgage payments, food or board, transportation, child care, medical and dental expenses, debt repayment, recreation, and other living expenses. Exclude expenses listed in Item 15.

(138) \$ _____ . 00
(Dollars only)

(139) 1 ☐ Mark here if this item was also completed on spouse's or dependent's questionnaire.

17. Approximately how much of the expenses listed in questions 15 and 16 do you expect to derive from the following sources, between July 1973 and June 1974?

	Dollars only	Mark (X) box if none
a. Personal savings (140)	\$ _____ . 00	or o ☐
b. Earnings while taking courses (141)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
c. Spouse's earnings or savings (142)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
d. Parents (143)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
e. College Work-Study Program (144)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
f. National Defense Student Loan Program (145)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
g. Educational Opportunity Grant Program (146)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
h. Federally Guaranteed Student Loan Program (147)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
i. Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program (148)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
j. Veterans' Administration Benefits (GI Bill or Pension) (149)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
k. Personal loan (150)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
l. State scholarship or grant (151)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
m. Local or private scholarship or grant (152)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
n. Social Security benefits for students age 18 to 22 (for children of retired, disabled, or deceased parents) (153)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
o. Public assistance (154)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
p. School expenses paid for or reimbursed by your employer (155)	_____ . 00	or o ☐
q. Other sources (156)	\$ _____ . 00	or o ☐

18. The Federal Government awards money to students to help them pay for their education. Listed below are some examples of these programs:

- Federally Insured Student Loan Program
- Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program
- National Defense Student Loan Program
- College Work-Study Program

Have you heard or read about the Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program?

(157) 1 ☐ Yes
2 ☐ No - SKIP to question 21a on page 5

19. Mark all of the places you have heard or read about the Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program.

- (158)
* 1 ☐ Received an application through the MAIL
2 ☐ Saw a display in the POST OFFICE
3 ☐ Heard through an AGRICULTURAL EXTENSION AGENT
4 ☐ Heard in a STATE EMPLOYMENT OFFICE
5 ☐ Heard a RADIO or TV announcement
6 ☐ Heard in a COLLEGE OFFICE (admissions, financial aid, etc.)
(159)
* 7 ☐ Heard from a HIGH SCHOOL COUNSELOR
8 ☐ Heard through a PRECOLLEGE PROGRAM (Upward Bound, Talent Search Seek, etc.)
9 ☐ Other - Specify _____

20. Have you applied to the Basic Educational Opportunity Grants Program for financial assistance?

- (160)
1 ☐ Yes
2 ☐ No

If you were personally interviewed in October of this year by a Bureau of the Census field representative SKIP questions 21-29, and read the instructions above section B on page 7.

21a. What were you doing during the week of October 8-14, 1973?

(Mark the first box below that BEST describes your activities that week.)

- (161)
1 ☐ I worked at a job, or in my business or profession, or on a farm } SKIP to question 22
2 ☐ I had a job, profession, or business from which I was temporarily absent for reasons other than layoff } Answer questions b and c below
3 ☐ I was looking for work or on layoff from a job
4 ☐ I did housework in my own home
5 ☐ I attended school
6 ☐ I am permanently unable to work at any job
7 ☐ I am retired
8 ☐ None of the above applies to me } SKIP to question 22

b. Why were you absent from work during the week of October 8-14?

- (162)
1 ☐ I was ill
2 ☐ I was on vacation
3 ☐ Bad weather prohibited my getting to work or did not allow for the type of work I do
4 ☐ A labor dispute made it impossible to attend work
5 ☐ My NEW job was not to begin until after November 13
6 ☐ I was on a layoff expected to last less than 30 days
7 ☐ I was on layoff for more than 30 days or did not have a definite recall date
8 ☐ Other - Specify _____

c. Do you usually work 35 hours or more a week at this job?

- (163)
1 ☐ Yes } SKIP to question 29 on page 6
2 ☐ No }

22. During the week of October 8-14, how many hours did you work at all jobs?

(Remember to deduct any time off and to add any overtime or extra hours you worked.)

- (164) _____ Hours { If 35 hours or more, SKIP to question 29 on page 6;
OR If 1-34 hours, continue with question 23
0 ☐ I did not work during the week of October 8-14 - SKIP to question 24

23. Do you usually work 35 hours or more a week at your present job?

- (165)
1 ☐ Yes } SKIP to question 29 on page 6
2 ☐ No }

24.	Have you been looking for work or been on layoff during the 4 weeks prior to October 14?
(166)	☐ 1 Yes, looking for work ☐ 2 Yes, on indefinite layoff (more than 30 days) ☐ 3 Yes, on temporary layoff (less than 30 days) ☐ 4 No - SKIP to page 7 and read the instructions above section B
25.	What were you doing in the 4 weeks prior to October 14 to find work?
(167)	Checked with - (Mark all methods used) ☐ 1 Public employment agency ☐ 2 Private employment agency ☐ 3 Employer directly ☐ 4 Friends and relatives ☐ 5 Placed or answered ads ☐ 6 Other - Specify _____ ☐ 7 Nothing - SKIP to page 7 and read the instructions above section B.
26.	How many weeks had you been looking for work or on layoff from your job prior to October 14?
(168)	_____ Weeks
27.	Were you looking for full-time or part-time work? (If on layoff - Is your job full time or part time?)
(169)	☐ 1 Full time ☐ 2 Part time
28.	Is there any reason why you could not take a job during the week of October 14?
(170)	☐ Yes - Why? ☐ 1 I already had a job ☐ 2 I was temporarily ill ☐ 3 I was attending school ☐ 4 Other - Specify _____ ☐ 5 No
29.	Describe (in a-e below) the job you held during the week of October 8-14 and give the name of your employer. If you did not have a job but looked for work in the 4 weeks prior to October 14, describe your last job or business.
a. For whom did you work? (Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	
b. What kind of business or industry was this? (For example: county junior high school, auto assembly plant, TV and radio repair service, retail supermarket, road construction, farm)	
c. What kind of work were you doing? (For example: paint sprayer, 8th grade English teacher, TV repairman, grocery checker, civil engineer, farmer, farm hand)	
d. What were your most important activities or duties? (For example: painting houses, keeping account books, selling cars, operating printing press, finishing concrete)	
e. Were you - (Mark one)	
(171)	☐ 1 An employee of a PRIVATE company, business, or individual for wages, salary, or commissions? ☐ 2 An employee of the Federal government? ☐ 3 An employee of the State government? ☐ 4 An employee of the local government? ☐ Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm? Is this business incorporated? ☐ 5 Yes ☐ 6 No ☐ 7 Working WITHOUT PAY in a family business or farm? ☐ 8 Never worked

If the course or program of instruction you have been describing is a BUSINESS, TECHNICAL, OR VOCATIONAL COURSE, please complete section B below. If you have been describing your COLLEGE curriculum, complete section C on page 8. If you are not a student, end questions and return this questionnaire.

Section B – BUSINESS, TECHNICAL, OR VOCATIONAL STUDENTS only

1. What is the name and address of the school you are attending?

Name _____

City _____ State _____

2. Is this a publicly or privately owned school?

- (172) 1 ☐ Public
2 ☐ Private

3. Are you classified by your school as attending full time or part time?

- (173) 1 ☐ Full time
2 ☐ Part time
3 ☐ Not classified or don't know

4. Does the school you are currently attending use a credit hour system?

- (174) 1 ☐ Yes
2 ☐ No – SKIP to question 6

5a. What type of credit hour system does your school use?

- (175) 1 ☐ Semester
2 ☐ Trimester
3 ☐ Quarter
4 ☐ Other

b. For how many credit hours are you currently enrolled?

- (176) _____ Credit hours – SKIP to question 7

6. How many hours do you attend class in 1 week? (Do NOT include time spent in libraries or traveling to class.)

- (177) _____ Hours

7. Are you attending school in order to obtain a certificate or degree?

- (178) 1 ☐ Yes
2 ☐ No – SKIP to question 10

8. What type of certificate or degree do you expect to receive? (Please furnish the entire name of the certificate or degree, do NOT use initials.)

9. How long is the complete program for the degree or certificate you expect to receive?

- (179) 1 ☐ Less than 6 months
2 ☐ 6 months to 1 year
3 ☐ 2 years (13–24 months)
4 ☐ 3 years (25–36 months)
5 ☐ 4 years (37–48 months)
6 ☐ 5 years or more (49 or more months)
7 ☐ Not in a program leading to degree or certificate

10. Have you completed any college courses for credit toward a degree?

- (180) 1 ☐ Yes
2 ☐ No – END questions and return the questionnaire in the envelope provided

11. How many hours have you completed?

- (181) ☐ Semester (183) ☐ Quarter
(182) ☐ Trimester (184) ☐ Other

_____ Credit hours

Section C – COLLEGE STUDENTS only

1. Are you classified by your school as attending full time or part time?

(185)

1 ☐ Full time

2 ☐ Part time

2. Are you classified by your school as being an in-State or out-of-State student?

(186)

1 ☐ In-State

2 ☐ Out-of-State

3 ☐ It does not apply

3a. What type of credit hour system does your school use?

(187)

1 ☐ Semester

2 ☐ Trimester

3 ☐ Quarter

b. For how many credit hours are you currently enrolled?

(188)

_____ Credit hours

4. Are you attending school in order to obtain a degree?

(189)

1 ☐ Yes

2 ☐ No – END questions and return the questionnaire

5. Mark the next degree that you expect to receive.

(190)

1 ☐ Associate's degree

2 ☐ Bachelor's degree

3 ☐ Master's degree

4 ☐ Doctorate's degree

5 ☐ Professional degree (M.D., D.D.S., LL.D., etc.)

6 ☐ Other – Specify _____

6. How long is the complete program for the degree you expect to receive?

(191)

1 ☐ Less than 2 years (less than 24 months)

2 ☐ 2 years (24 months)

3 ☐ 3 years (25–36 months)

4 ☐ 4 years (37–48 months)

5 ☐ 5 years or more (49 or more months)

7. How many undergraduate credit hours have you completed toward a degree?

(192)

☐ Semester

(193)

☐ Trimester

(194)

☐ Quarter

(195)

1 ☐ None

(196)

1 ☐ I am now attending graduate school

This completes the questionnaire. Please put the form in the preaddressed envelope provided and mail it to us.

THANK YOU FOR YOUR COOPERATION